CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA

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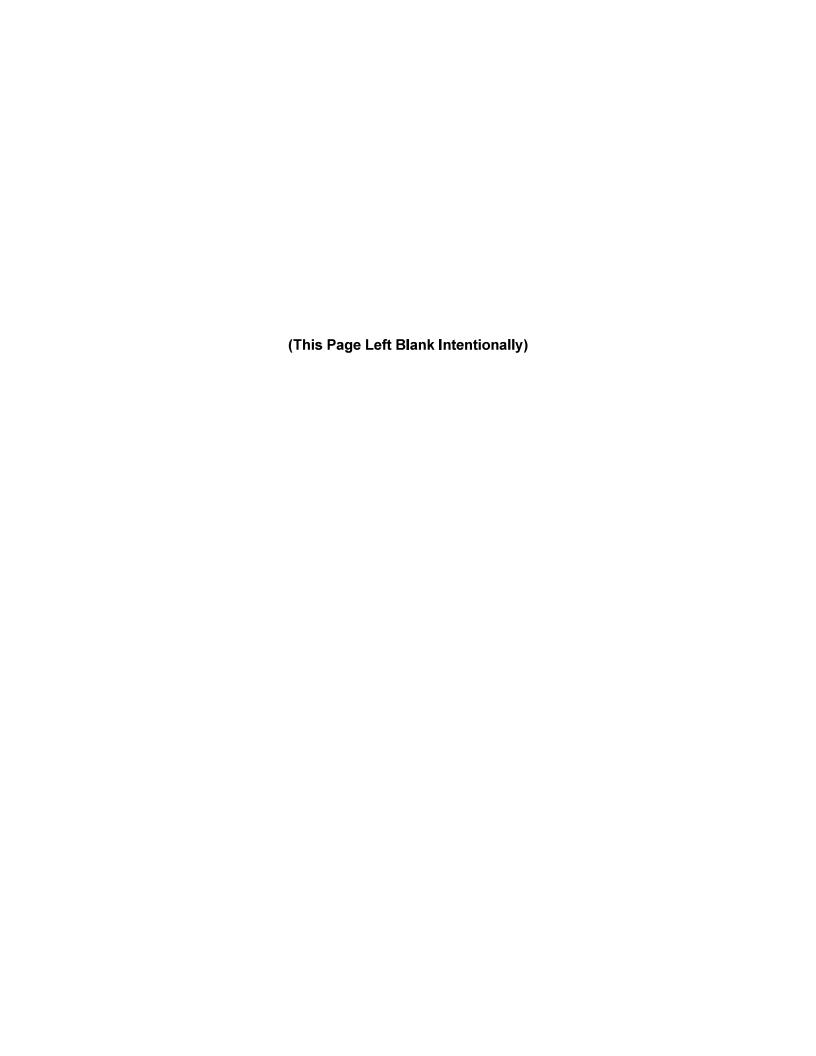
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CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA

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CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA INTRODUCTORY SECTION DECEMBER 31, 2024



CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Chris McKern Mayor

Ryan Christensen Councilor

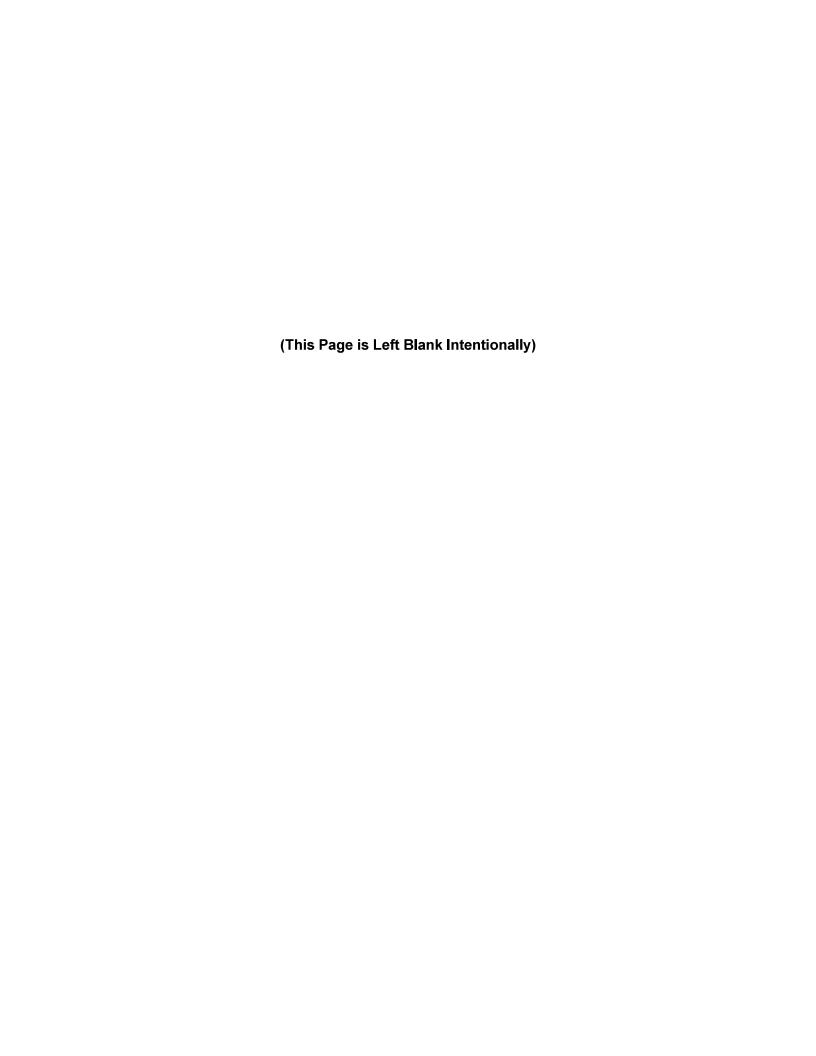
Dan Eggler Councilor

Melisa Ferris Councilor

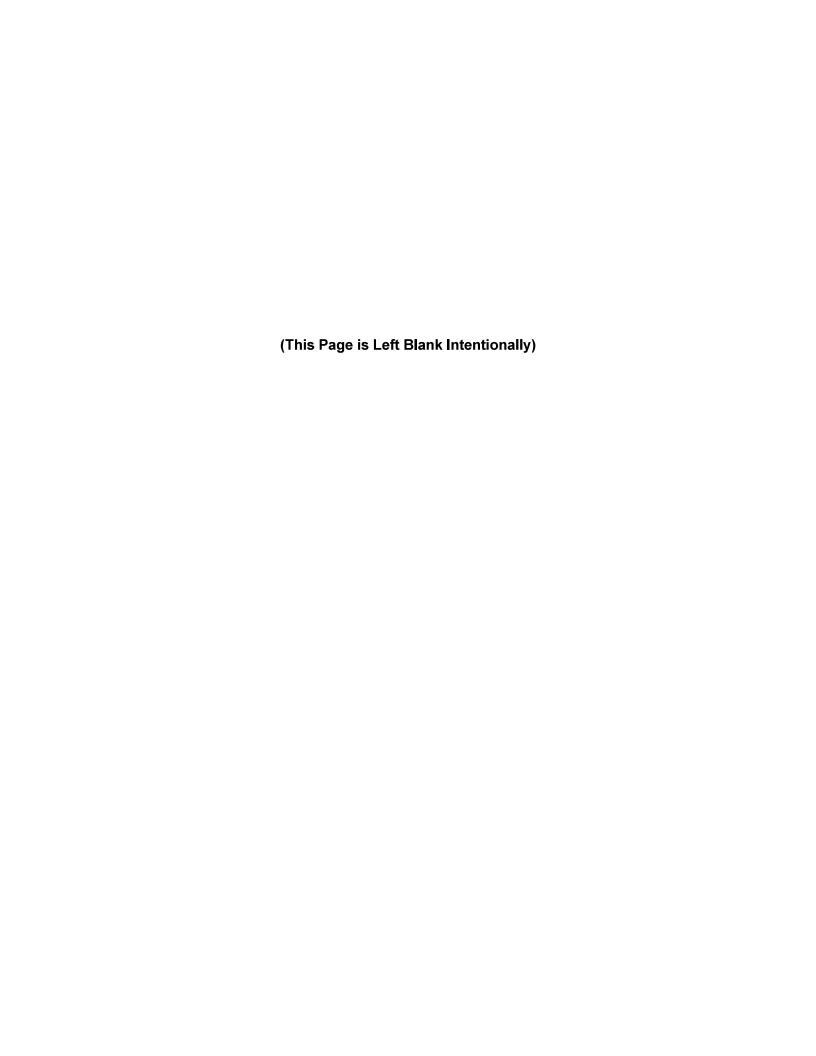
Paul Johnson Councilor

Sarah Schmidt Accounting Clerk

Tim Ibisch City Administrator



CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL SECTION DECEMBER 31, 2024





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Kasson, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kasson, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kasson, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Kasson, Minnesota and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Kasson, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Kasson, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14 and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Kasson, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules and supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Page 3

Supplementary Information (Continued)

The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules and supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules and supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express and opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that and uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, from which such partial information was derived.

We have previously audited the City's 2023 financial statements and our report dated June 21, 2024, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

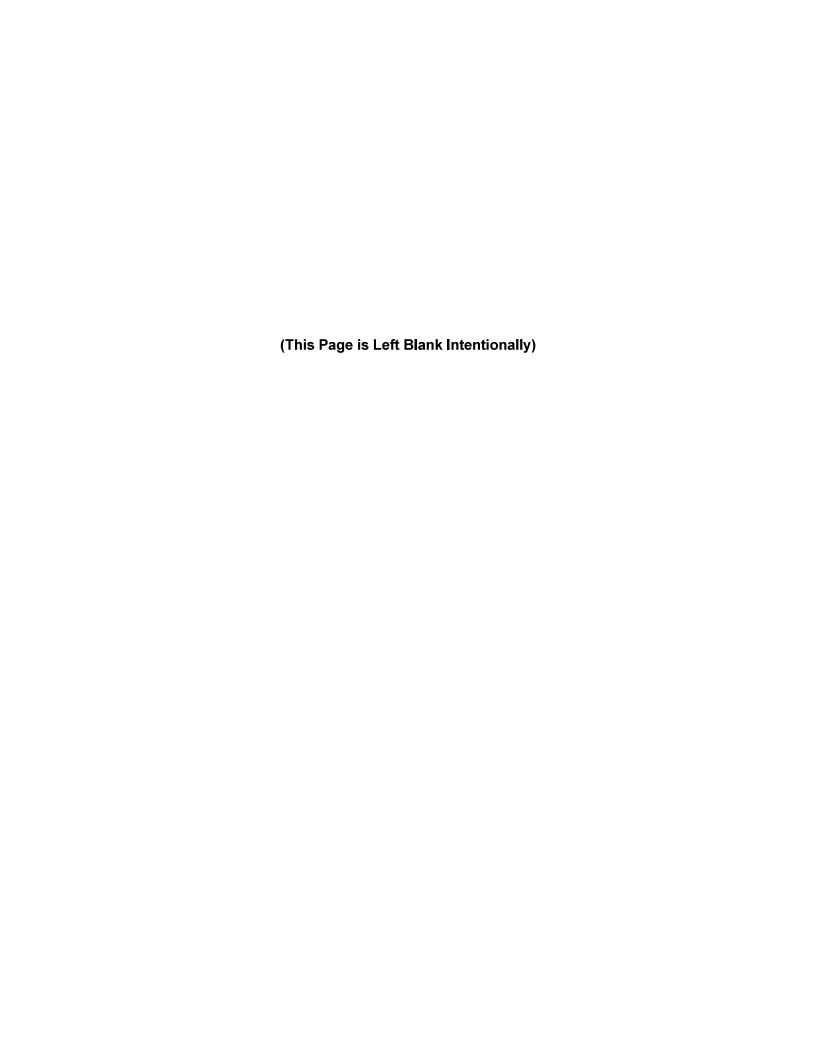
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 20, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Kasson, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, Minnesota

May 20, 2025



As management of the City of Kasson, Minnesota, we offer readers of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Kasson, Minnesota for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Kasson, Minnesota exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$67,065,127 (net position). Of this amount, \$21,992,092 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's designations and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$3,794,634.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Kasson, Minnesota's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,537,913. Approximately \$6,051,184 of this total amount or 63% is available for use within the City's designations and policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,459,972 or 68% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures of the general fund.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Kasson, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The City of Kasson, Minnesota's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements, providing information for the City as a whole.
- 2. Fund financial statements, providing detailed information for the City's significant funds.
- 3. Notes to the financial statements, providing additional information that is essential to understanding the government-wide and fund statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. Additional explanation of these sections of the financial statements follows.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Kasson, Minnesota is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned, but not used, compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Kasson, Minnesota that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Kasson, Minnesota include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, cemetery, and TIF/economic development. The business-type activities of the City of Kasson, Minnesota include the water, wastewater treatment, electric, stormwater, and municipal liquor store. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Kasson, Minnesota, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Kasson, Minnesota can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Kasson, Minnesota maintains thirty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and public safety building, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirty governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Kasson, Minnesota adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund (page 22 and pages 101-106) and certain special revenue funds (pages 98-100) to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 20 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Kasson, Minnesota maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Kasson, Minnesota uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, electric, stormwater, and municipal liquor.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-30 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. The City of Kasson, Minnesota maintains one fiduciary fund. *Fiduciary* funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. This fund accounts for Festival in the Park activities and net position was \$6,624 at the end of 2024.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-82 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, special revenues funds, and the debt service funds can be found on pages 86-89, 90-93, and 94-97 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Kasson, Minnesota, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$67,065,127 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's net position (\$41,161,811) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Kasson, Minnesota uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Kasson, Minnesota's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Kasson, Minnesota Net Position

	Governmental		Busines	ss - Type			
	Activities		Activ	vities	Tota l s		
	2024	2023	2024 2023		2024	2023	
Current and other assets	\$ 11,915,220	\$ 14,808,105	\$ 19,230,661	\$ 16,588,465	\$ 31,145,881	\$ 31,396,570	
Capital assets	31,890,820	29,552,401	30,517,904	31,344,662	62,408,724	60,897,063	
Total assets	43,806,040	44,360,506	49,748,565	47,933,127	93,554,605	92,293,633	
Deferred outflows of resources	1,267,913	1,645,352	92,053	230,755	1,359,966	1,876,107	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	14,046,846	15,156,075	9,163,207	10,177,005	23,210,053	25,333,080	
Other liabilities	928,662	1,887,715	762,813	693,092	1,691,475	2,580,807	
Total liabilities	14,975,508	17,043,790	9,926,020	10,870,097	24,901,528	27,913,887	
Deferred inflows of resources	2,052,721	1,816,988	895,195	1,168,372	2,947,916	2,985,360	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	19,150,978	19,476,186	22,010,833	22,222,558	41,161,811	41,698,744	
Restricted	3,355,922	2,943,137	555,302	552,202	3,911,224	3,495,339	
Unrestricted	5,538,824	4,725,757	16,453,268	13,350,653	21,992,092	18,076,410	
Total net position	\$ 28,045,724	\$ 27,145,080	\$ 39,019,403	\$ 36,125,413	\$ 67,065,127	\$ 63,270,493	

The balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$21,992,092) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Kasson, Minnesota is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its business-type activities.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Kasson, Minnesota's net position by \$900,644.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Kasson, Minnesota's net position by \$2,893,990.

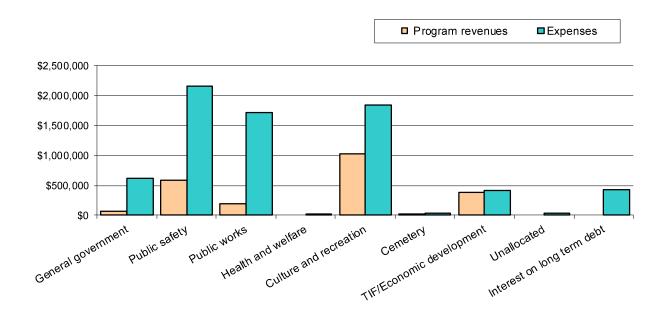
A condensed version of the Statement of Activities follows:

City of Kasson, Minnesota Change in Net Position

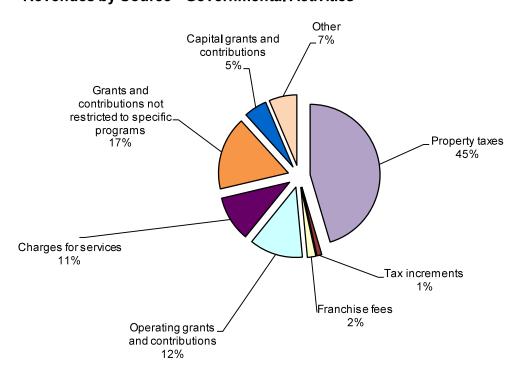
		Governmental Activities		s-Type	_	
				rities		tals
_	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenue:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 845,928	\$ 896,307	\$ 10,118,945	\$ 9,602,847	\$ 10,964,873	\$ 10,499,154
Operating grants and contributions	1,003,977	949,681		36,877	1,003,977	986,558
Capital grants and contributions	430,937	4,470,358	16,835	11,236	447,772	4,481,594
General revenues:						
Property taxes/tax increments	3,770,734	4,132,641			3,770,734	4,132,641
Franchise fees	158,145	169,241			158,145	169,241
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs:						
Local government aid	1,369,567	1,252,644			1,369,567	1,252,644
Miscellaneous	521,129	437,359	522,477	291,082	1,043,606	728,441
Total revenues	8,100,417	12,308,231	10,658,257	9,942,042	18,758,674	22,250,273
Expenses:						
General government	624,880	550,026			624,880	550,026
Public safety	2,151,105	2,172,438			2,151,105	2,172,438
Public works	1,716,568	1,437,902			1,716,568	1,437,902
Health and welfare	4,091	8,066			4,091	8,066
Culture and recreation	1,843,373	1,906,022			1,843,373	1,906,022
Cemetery	43,706	36,440			43,706	36,440
TIF/Economic development	413,570	252,018			413,570	252,018
Unallocated	41,341	40,288			41,341	40,288
Interest on long-term debt	437,139	448,321			437,139	448,321
Water			936,256	906,003	936,256	906,003
Wastewater			2,056,419	1,746,202	2,056,419	1,746,202
Electric			4,126,102	4,546,862	4,126,102	4,546,862
Stormwater			272,738	297,557	272,738	297,557
Liquor			296,752	309,352	296,752	309,352
Total expenses	7,275,773	6,851,521	7,688,267	7,805,976	14,964,040	14,657,497
Change in net position before transfers	824,644	5,456,710	2,969,990	2,136,066	3,794,634	7,592,776
Transfers	76,000	(24,000)	(76,000)	24,000	, ,	, ,
Change in net position	900,644	5,432,710	2,893,990	2,160,066	3,794,634	7,592,776
Net position, beginning	27,145,080	21,712,370	36,125,413	33,965,347	63,270,493	55,677,717
Net position, ending	\$ 28,045,724	\$ 27,145,080	\$ 39,019,403	\$ 36,125,413	\$ 67,065,127	\$ 63,270,493

Below are specific graphs that provide comparisons of the governmental activities direct program revenues with their expenses. Any shortfalls in direct revenues are primarily supported by property tax levy or general state aid.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

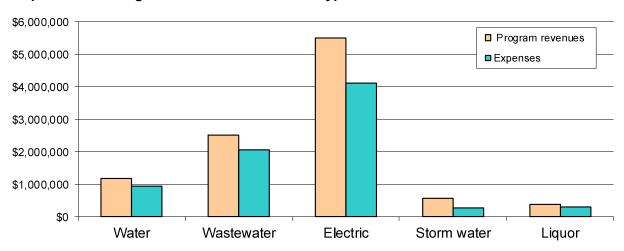


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

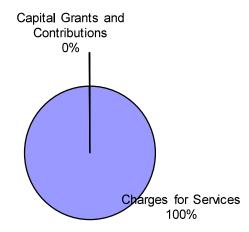


The following graphs relate the various business-type activities' program revenues with their expenses. Since all of these activities require significant physical assets to operate, any excess revenues are held for planned capital expenses to keep pace with growing demand for services.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities



FUND BASIS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the City of Kasson, Minnesota uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Kasson, Minnesota's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned* and *assigned* fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a city's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned according to the following definitions:

Nonspendable – representing that portion of fund balance that is not in a spendable form. Included in this category are advances to other funds, prepaid items, and inventory.

Restricted – reports resources that have external constraints placed upon their use.

Committed – reports those resources for a specific purpose by Council action. The constraints cannot be changed or removed without Council action.

Assigned – represents the portion of fund balance that reflects the amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. The Council has authorized the City Administrator and Finance Director to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – represents the amount available for any purpose. However, only the General Fund may report a positive fund balance. Fund balance in other governmental funds will fall into one or more of the categories listed above unless a fund has a negative fund balance.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Kasson, Minnesota's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,537,913, a decrease of \$1,794,402. The amount of \$6,501,184 constitutes *unassigned*, *assigned*, *and committed fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of this fund balance is *restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been set aside 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, 2) to repay interfund advances or other debt, or 3) to fund specific capital projects or programs as obligated by statute or other regulation.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Kasson, Minnesota. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,459,972. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total expenditures for the general fund. Unassigned fund balance represents 68% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures of the general fund.

The fund balance of the City's General fund increased by \$299,808 during the current fiscal year.

The *Debt Service funds* have a total fund balance of \$1,944,498, of which it all is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Debt Service fund was \$344,025.

The City of Kasson, Minnesota has planned and implemented procedures to ensure that its general fund balance is at a level that meets its cash flow needs on a regular basis.

Proprietary funds. The City of Kasson, Minnesota's proprietary funds statements found on pages 23-30 provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position in the respective proprietary funds are Water - \$1,524,167, Wastewater - \$4,924,995, Electric - \$8,314,024, Stormwater - \$1,237,778, and Municipal Liquor Store - \$452,304. The City adjusted rates for 2025 to cover any rise in costs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues exceeded expectations by \$480,553, and expenditures were under budget by \$312,309.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Kasson, Minnesota's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2024, amounts to \$62,408,724 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, wastewater treatment facility, park facilities, and roads. The total increase in the City of Kasson, Minnesota's reported capital assets, net of depreciation, for the current fiscal year was \$1,511,661.

City of Kasson, Minnesota Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental		Busines	ss-Type			
	Activ	vities	Activ	<i>i</i> ities	Totals		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Land	\$ 984,858	\$ 1,027,760	\$ 319,751	\$ 319,751	\$ 1,304,609	\$ 1,347,511	
Construction in process	718,924	4,188,550	196,362		915,286	4,188,550	
Buildings and improvements	11,951,093	4,903,128	5,865,327	6,184,730	17,816,420	11,087,858	
Improvements other than buildings	1,205,040	1,317,010	8,253,562	8,468,575	9,458,602	9,785,585	
Machinery and equipment	206,807	295,953	398,119	557,941	604,926	853,894	
Office equipment and furnishings	59,573	81,749		442	59,573	82,191	
Vehic l es	1,766,338	1,902,795	51,442	41,477	1,817,780	1,944,272	
Infrastructure	14,998,187	15,835,456	15,433,341	15,771,746	30,431,528	31,607,202	
Tota l	\$ 31,890,820	\$29,552,401	\$ 30,517,904	\$ 31,344,662	\$ 62,408,724	\$ 60,897,063	

Additional information on the City of Kasson, Minnesota's capital assets can be found in Note 3D on pages 50-52 of this report.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Kasson, Minnesota had \$21,172,957 in bonds, notes, and capital leases outstanding. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Kasson, Minnesota Outstanding Debt

	Governmer	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Totals		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
GO Bonds	\$ 811,000	\$ 1,119,000	\$	\$	\$ 811,000	\$ 1,119,000	
GO Improvement Bonds	10,953,637	11,299,596			10,953,637	11,299,596	
GO Tax Increment Bonds	644,000	659,000			644,000	659,000	
GO Revenue Bonds			6,069,364	6,495,404	6,069,364	6,495,404	
Notes Payable			2,362,000	2,555,000	2,362,000	2,555,000	
Capital Leases Payable	261,490	192,194	71,466	66,854	332,956	259,048	
Total	\$ 12,670,127	\$ 13,269,790	\$ 8,502,830	\$ 9,117,258	\$21,172,957	\$ 22,387,048	

The City of Kasson, Minnesota's total bonds, notes, and capital lease payable decreased by \$1,214,091 during the current fiscal year. A more detailed breakdown of these obligations can be found in Note 3G, beginning on page 55.

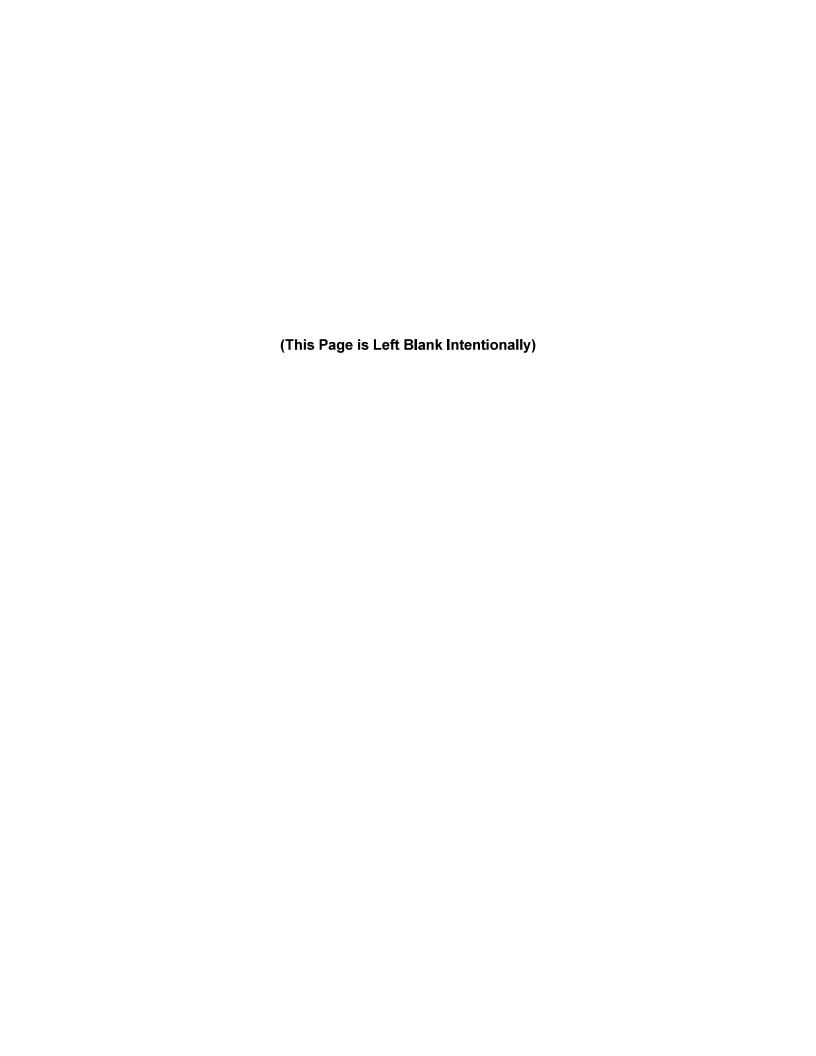
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Dodge County is currently 2.5 percent.
- Property valuations within the City reflect national trends.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare similarly to national indices.
- There was a 5.90% property tax increase in 2024, and there will be a 5.90% increase in 2025.
- While the overall tax levy rose for 2025, the majority of the increase can be attributed to a 4.3% increase in taxable market value for the City.
- Water and Electric utility rates were increased for 2025, while Sewer utility rates were reduced and Storm Water utility rates remained the same for 2025.

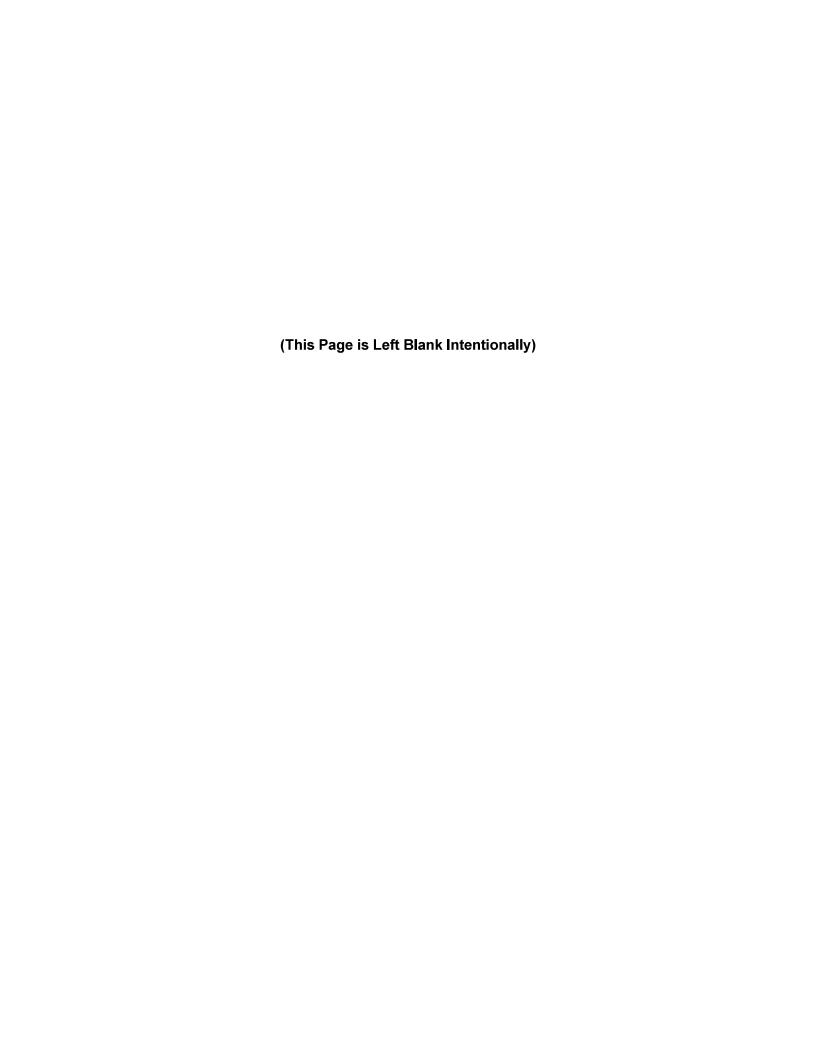
All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2025 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Staff, City Hall, 401 5th Street SE, Kasson, MN 55944 or financedept@cityofkasson.com.



CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024



CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Governmental	Business-Type	Tot	als
	Activities	Activities	2024	2023
ASSETS			_	
Cash and investments	\$ 9,811,247	\$ 15,828,426	\$ 25,639,673	\$ 24,888,720
Restricted cash		555,302	555,302	552,202
Receivables	1,903,205	1,788,145	3,691,350	4,858,425
Lease receivable				211,202
Inventories	343	750,502	750,845	455,690
Prepaid items	44,286	23,145	67,431	61,237
Intangibles - service area		285,141	285,141	300,613
Net pension asset	156,139		156,139	68,481
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable	1,703,782	516,113	2,219,895	5,536,061
Depreciable, net	30,187,038	30,001,791	60,188,829	55,361,002
Total Assets	43,806,040	49,748,565	93,554,605	92,293,633
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows from pension activity	1,251,040	92,053	1,343,093	1,857,769
Deferred outflows from OPEB activity	16,873	,	16,873	18,338
Total Deferred Outflows or Resources	1,267,913	92,053	1,359,966	1,876,107
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	318,624	474,336	792,960	1,807,111
Deposits payable	142,630		142,630	170,999
Due to other governments	125,638	41,300	166,938	74,112
Accrued interest payable	175,560	83,045	258,605	264,681
Accrued liabilities	79,751	52,585	132,336	115,066
Deposits payable		88,080	88,080	49,924
Unearned revenue	12,753	23,467	36,220	22,710
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year:				
Long-term liabilities	788,603	758,627	1,547,230	1,608,183
Other post-employment benefit liability	8,259		8,259	7,360
Due in more than one year:				
Long-term liabilities	12,142,051	7,902,957	20,045,008	21,166,959
Other post-employment benefit liability	65,447		65,447	68,844
Net pension liability	1,116,192	501,623	1,617,815	2,557,938
Total Liabilities	14,975,508	9,926,020	24,901,528	27,913,887
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred revenue		424.510	424.510	454,793
Deferred inflows from leasing activity		121,010	121,010	211,202
Deferred inflows from pension activity	1,784,638	470,685	2,255,323	1,998,696
Deferred inflows from OPEB activity	268,083	470,003	268,083	320,669
Total Deferred Inflows or Resources	2,052,721	895,195	2,947,916	2,985,360
NET POSITION	40 450 050	00.010.000	44 404 044	44 000 74 :
Net investment in capital assets	19,150,978	22,010,833	41,161,811	41,698,744
Restricted for:	450 400		450 400	00.40
Fire pension asset	156,139		156,139	68,481
Economic development	579,164		579,164	482,615
Debt service	2,612,619	555,302	3,167,921	2,944,243
Contributors	8,000	10 /	8,000	10.0=0.115
Unrestricted	5,538,824	16,453,268	21,992,092	18,076,410
Total Net Position	\$ 28,045,724	\$ 39,019,403	\$ 67,065,127	\$ 63,270,493
			· '	

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2023

		Program Revenues					
				С	perating		Capital
		Charges for		Grants and		Gr	ants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	5	Services	Contributions		Co	ntributions
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 624,880	\$	64,772	\$		\$	
Public safety	2,151,105		227,200		352,239		
Public works	1,716,568						194,534
Health and welfare	4,091						
Culture and recreation	1,843,373		528,006		498,122		
Cemetery	43,706		25,950				
TIF/Economic development	413,570				153,616		236,403
Unallocated	41,341						
Interest on long-term debt	 437,139						
Total governmental activities	 7,275,773		845,928		1,003,977		430,937
Business-Type activities:							
Water	936,256		1,163,433				8,152
Wastewater	2,056,419		2,499,854				8,683
Electric	4,126,102		5,510,736				
Storm water	272,738		557,665				
Liquor	 296,752		387,257				
Total business-type activities	 7,688,267	1	0,118,945				16,835
Total	\$ 14,964,040	\$ 1	0,964,873	\$	1,003,977	\$	447,772

General revenues:

General property taxes

Property taxes levied for debt service

Tax increments

Franchise fees

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs:

Local government aid

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

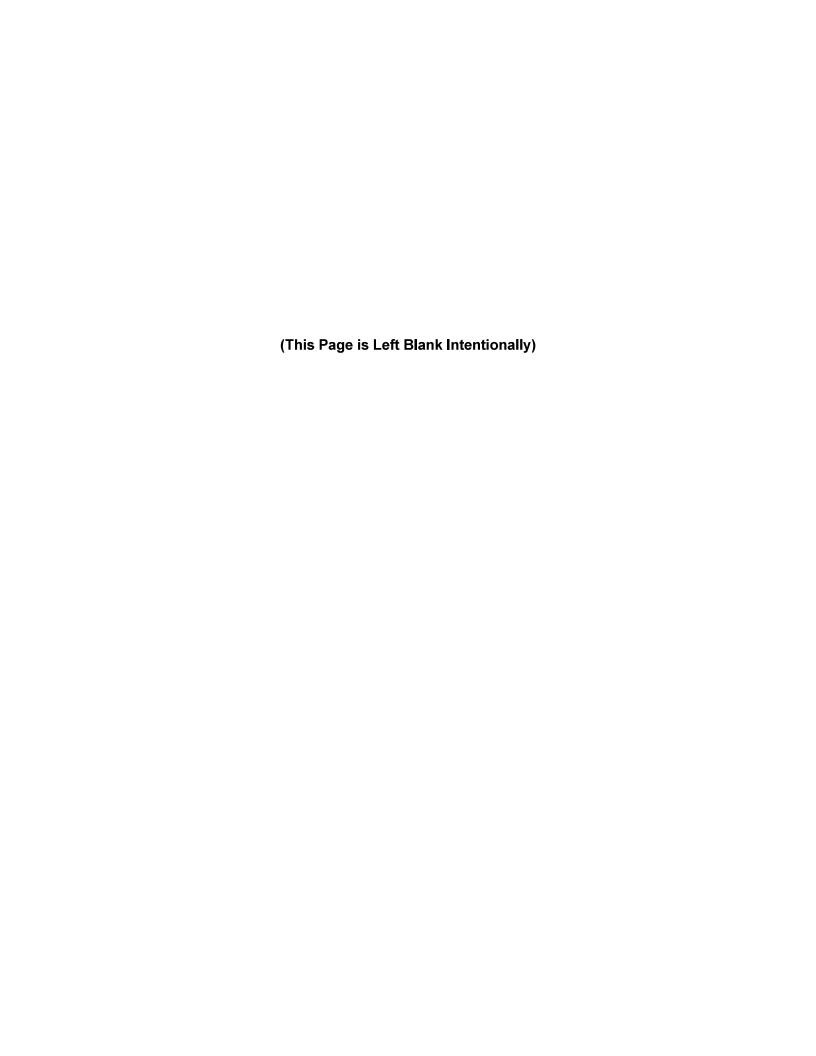
Change in net position

Net position, beginning

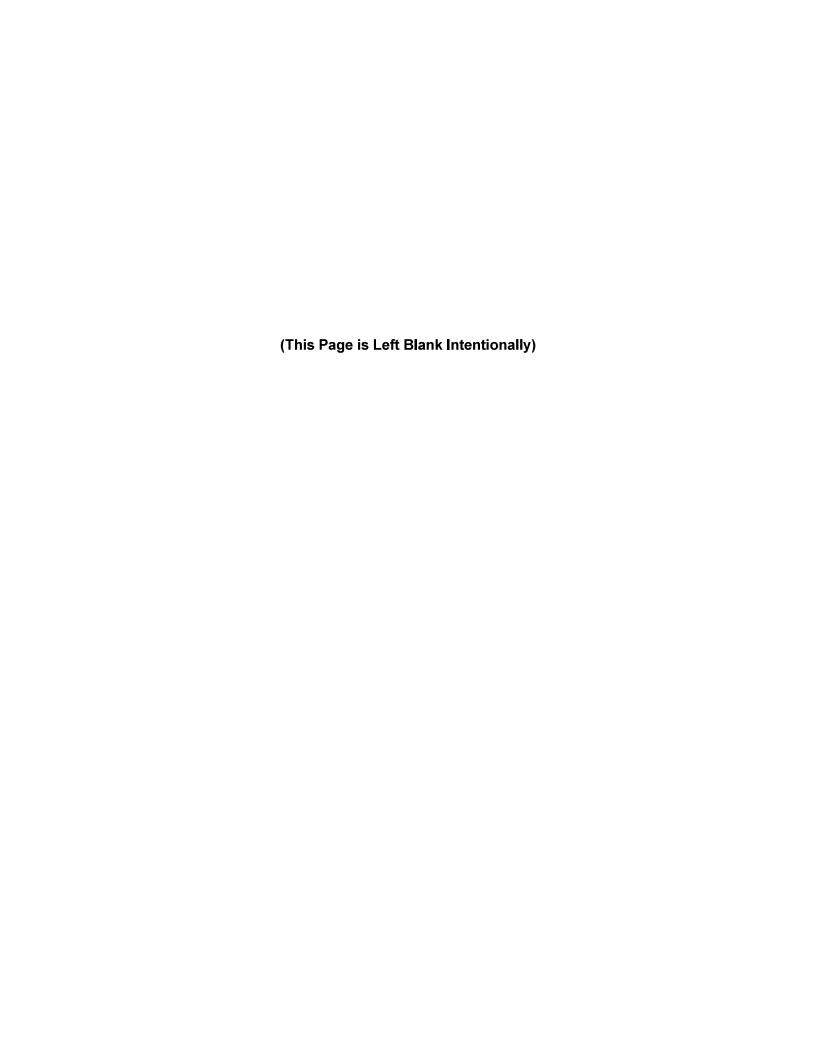
Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental	Business-Type	e Totals			
Activities	Activities	2024	2023		
\$ (560,108) (1,571,666) (1,522,034) (4,091) (817,245)	\$	\$ (560,108) (1,571,666) (1,522,034) (4,091) (817,245)	\$ (474,584) (1,318,603) 3,032,456 (8,066) (1,077,908)		
(17,756) (23,551) (41,341) (437,139)		(17,756) (23,551) (41,341) (437,139)	(16,940) (182,921) (40,288) (448,321)		
(4,994,931)		(4,994,931)	(535,175)		
(1,501,501)	235,329	235,329	187,211		
	452,118	452,118	661,103		
	1,384,634	1,384,634	719,196		
	284,927	284,927	221,450		
	90,505	90,505	56,024		
(4 004 031)	2,447,513	2,447,513	1,844,984		
(4,994,931)	2,447,513	(2,547,418)	1,309,809		
2,455,850		2,455,850	3,186,025		
1,221,822		1,221,822	852,187		
93,062		93,062	94,429		
158,145		158,145	169,241		
1,369,567		1,369,567	1,252,644		
377,142	474,223	851,365	602,415		
94,223	22,754	116,977	37,026		
49,764	25,500	75,264	89,000		
76,000	(76,000)				
5,895,575	446,477	6,342,052	6,282,967		
900,644	2,893,990	3,794,634	7,592,776		
27,145,080	36,125,413	63,270,493	55,677,717		
\$ 28,045,724	\$ 39,019,403	\$ 67,065,127	\$ 63,270,493		



CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

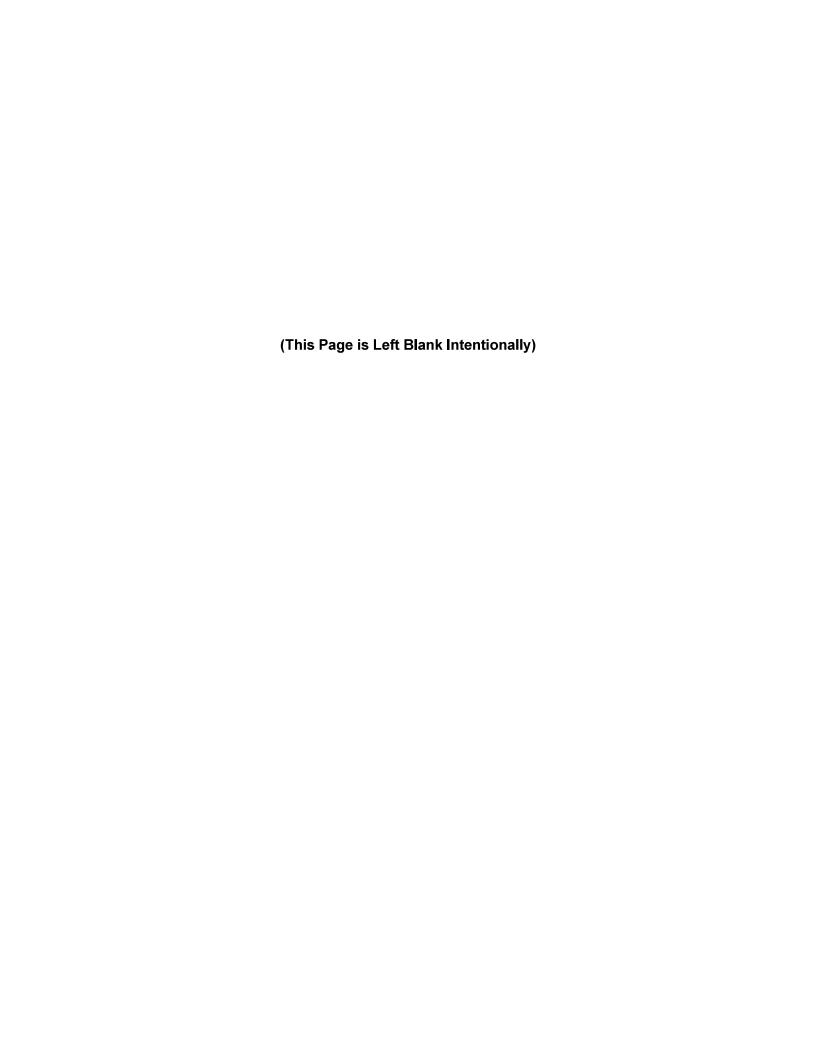


CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

		430 Pub l ic	Other	
	101	Safety	Governmental	Tota l s
	General	Building	Funds	2024 2023
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,011,588	\$ 3,241	\$ 6,796,418	\$ 9,811,247 \$ 11,558,913
Accounts receivable	74,116		30,438	104,554 196,638
Interest receivable	13,812		16,562	30,374 49,963
Notes receivable	15,000		62,370	77,370 146,162
Due from other governmental units	82,099		67,036	149,135 1,035,664
Taxes receivable delinquent Special assessments receivable	42,950		1,498,822	42,950 36,170 1,498,822 1,689,587
Inventories			1,490,622	343 343
Prepaid items	32,089		12,197	44,286 26,184
Advance to other funds	383,068		12, 107	383,068 451,744
Due from other funds	593,801		82,577	676,378 1,931,560
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,248,523	\$ 3,241	\$ 8,566,763	\$ 12,818,527 \$ 17,122,928
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 92,039	\$ 3,241	\$ 124,243	\$ 219,523 \$ 1,438,370
Deposits payable	142,630	Φ 3,241	Φ 124,243	142,630 170,999
Due to other governments	848		223,891	224,739 848
Accrued salaries payable	59,174		20,577	79,751 71,335
Due to other funds	00,174		676,378	676,378 1,931,560
Advance from other funds			383,068	383,068 451,744
Unearned revenue	12,753		000,000	12,753
Total Liabilities	307,444	3,241	1,428,157	1,738,842 4,064,856
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue:				
Property taxes	42,950			42,950 36,170
Special assessments	,		1,498,822	1,498,822 1,689,587
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	42,950		1,498,822	1,541,772 1,725,757
Fund Balance				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items and inventories	32,089		12,540	44,629 26,527
Loans	15,000		62,370	77,370 146,162
Advances	383,068			383,068 451,744
Restricted:				
Regulations			579,164	579,164 482,615
Debt service			1,944,498	1,944,498 1,600,473
Contributors	8,000			8,000
Committed:			400 445	100 115 100 504
Economic development			163,415 343,870	163,415 139,594
Library operations Assigned:			343,670	343,870 300,827
Capital improvements			3,597,524	3,597,524 6,478,466
Unassigned	3,459,972		(1,063,597)	2,396,375 1,705,907
Total Fund Balance	3,898,129		5,639,784	9,537,913 11,332,315
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,248,523	\$ 3,241	\$ 8,566,763	\$ 12,818,527 \$ 17,122,928

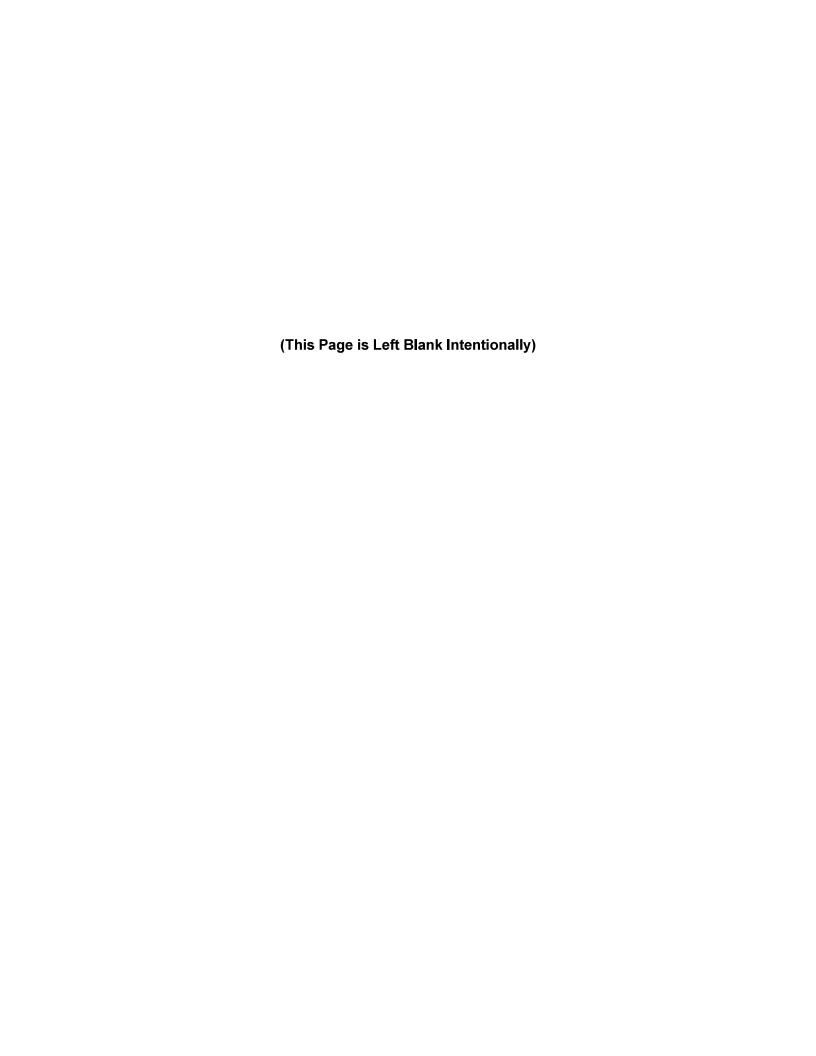
See Notes to the Financial Statements



CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES IN THE FUND BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total governmental fund balances (page 18)		\$ 9,537,913
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Governmental funds - capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 52,407,370 (20,516,550)	31,890,820
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Special assessments	\$ 42,950 1,498,822	1,541,772
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds and notes payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Bond premiums net of amortization Accrued interest	\$ (12,670,127) (1,649,790) 156,139 (182,553) (324,916) (77,974) (175,560)	(14,924,781)_
Net position of governmental activities (page 15)		\$ 28,045,724



CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	404	430 Public	Other	Т.,	l.
	101 General	Safety Building	Governmental Funds	Tot	2023
REVENUES	General	Dallaling	T drids	2024	2023
Property taxes	\$ 2,419,019	\$	\$ 1,801,395	\$ 4,220,414	\$ 3,974,595
Tax increments			158,978	158,978	152,726
Franchise fees	158,145			158,145	169,241
Special assessments	33,469		290,065	323,534	378,426
Licenses and permits	96,945			96,945	117,815
Intergovernmental	1,795,640		198,926	1,994,566	6,107,783
Charges for services	422,999		285,491	708,490	740,117
Fines and forfeits	15,039	40 707	2,203	17,242	16,044
Investment income	136,512	40,737	199,893	377,142	311,333
Miscellaneous revenues	139,778	40,737	<u>37,740</u> 2,974,691	<u>177,518</u> 8,232,974	281,033
TOTAL REVENUES	5,217,546	40,737	2,974,091	0,232,974	12,249,113
EXPENDITURES					
General government	542,679			542,679	503,159
Public safety	1,619,580			1,619,580	1,680,487
Public works	486,392			486,392	533,553
Health and welfare	4,091		771 145	4,091	8,066
Culture and recreation Cemetery	734,913 34,752		771,145	1,506,058 34,752	1,444,848 27,602
TIF/economic development	34,732		399,042	399,042	225,909
Unallocated	41,341		399,042	41,341	40,288
		2 176 206	600,000	•	
Capital Outlay	735,999	3,176,296	609,990	4,522,285	8,574,060
Debt Service	116,276		1,092,600	1,208,876	1,301,102
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,316,023	3,176,296	2,872,777	10,365,096	14,339,074
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	901,523	(3,135,559)	101,914	(2,132,122)	(2,089,961)
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of assets	42,667		50,000	92,667	89,000
Issuance of long-term debt					7,000,000
Premium from issuance of					
long-term debt					76,287
Issuance of capital lease payable	169,053	000 044	4 400 000	169,053	33,599
Transfers in	202,861	228,811	1,136,929	1,568,601	803,580
Transfers out	(1,016,296)		(476,305)	(1,492,601)	(827,580)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(601,715)	228,811	710,624	337,720	7,174,886
(3010)	(30.,, 10)			33.,.20	.,,
Net change in fund balances	299,808	(2,906,748)	812,538	(1,794,402)	5,084,925
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	3,598,321	2,906,748	4,827,246	11,332,315	6,247,390
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3,898,129	\$	\$ 5,639,784	\$ 9,537,913	\$ 11,332,315

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 20)	\$ (1,794,402)
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay \$ 4,398,177 Depreciation expense (1,939,156)		
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving	2	2,459,021
capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(120,602)
Certain revenues in the statement of activities do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenue, December 31, 2024 \$ 1,541,772		
Unavailable revenue, December 31, 2023 (1,725,757)		
		(183,985)
The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while		
repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long term liabilities and does not affect		
the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also,		
governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first		
issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when		
it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as		
it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the		
treatment of general obligations bonds and related items is as follows. Principal retirement on bonds payable \$ 668,959		
Amortization of bond premiums 3,299		
Change in accrued interest 217		
		672,475
Some capital asset additions are financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the		
statement of net position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment		
of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but		
repayment reduces the lease obligation in the statement of net position. Repayment of capital lease principal \$ 99,757		
Issuance of capital lease payable (169,053)		
		(69,296)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - other postemployment benefits, compensated absences, net pension liability, and net pension asset - are		
measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds,		
however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial		
resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Other postemployment benefits \$ (173,979)		
Other postemployment benefits \$ (173,979) Change in compensated absences (14,239)		
Change in net pension liability activity 37,993		
Change in net pension asset activity 87,658		(62,567)
Change in net position of governmental activities (pages 16-17)	\$	900,644

See Notes to the Financial Statements

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

			2024	Variance with Final Budget -
		I Amounts	Actual	Positive
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 2,472,149	\$ 2,472,149	\$ 2,419,019	\$ (53,130)
Special assessments			33,469	33,469
Franchise fees	190,002	190,002	158,145	(31,857)
Licenses and permits	84,500	84,500	96,945	12,445
Intergovernmental	1,543,967	1,543,967	1,795,640	251,673
Charges for services	376,975	376,975	422,999	46,024
Fines and forfeits	18,000	18,000	15,039	(2,961)
Investment income	24,100	24,100	136,512	112,412
Miscellaneous	27,300	27,300	139,778	112,478
TOTAL REVENUES	4,736,993	4,736,993	5,217,546	480,553
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	E70 252	E70 0E2	E 40 670	27 E74
General government Public safety	570,253 1,881,314	570,253 1,881,314	542,679 1,619,580	27,574 261,734
Public works	714,367	714,367	486,392	227,975
Emergency services/health	14,250	14,250	4,091	10,159
Culture and recreation	845,795	845,795	734,913	110,882
Cemetery	43,817	43,817	34,752	9,065
Unallocated	209,140	209,140	41,341	167,799
Capital outlay:				
General government	82,617	82,617	1,824	80,793
Public safety	48,533	48,533	196,288	(147,755)
Public works	100,000	100,000	373,977	(273,977)
Culture and recreation	18,500	18,500	163,910	(145,410)
Debt Service	99,746	99,746	116,276	(16,530)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,628,332	4,628,332	4,316,023	312,309
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	108,661	108,661	901,523	792,862
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			40.007	40.007
Sale of assets			42,667	42,667
Issuance of capital lease payable Transfers in	92,000	92,000	169,053	169,053
Transfers out	92,000	92,000	202,861 (1,016,296)	110,861 (1,016,296)
		=		
TOTAL FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	92,000	92,000	(601,715)	(693,715)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	200,661	200,661	299,808	99,147
FUND BALANCES, beginning	3,598,321	3,598,321	3,598,321	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 3,798,982	\$ 3,798,982	\$ 3,898,129	\$ 99,147

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statements of Net Position December 31, 2024 and 2023

	Busii			ness			Enterprise F	unds			
			01 ater			60 Wastewate		eatment		60 Elec	
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024	2023
ASSETS AND DEFERRED											
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Current Assets Cash and investments	\$	1,647,410	\$	1,539,687	\$	4,957,835	\$	4,117,417	\$	7 469 890	\$ 6,185,969
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	265,503	Ψ	263,110	Ψ	188,884	Ψ	188,681	Ψ	7,403,030	Ψ 0,100,300
Interest receivable		10,165		4,449		11,449		7,260		21,229	14,939
Accounts receivable		140,031		125,228		295,155		280,039		726,142	681,239
Due from other governments Special assessments receivable		15,408		16,748		25,891 21,239		30,460			
Lease receivable		10,100		8,025		21,200		00,100			
Inventories										616,221	341,270
Prepaid items		3,302		6,972		5,430 5.505.883		6,606		11,234 8.844.716	13,906
Total Current Assets		2,081,819		1,964,219		5,505,663		4,630,463		0,044,710	7,237,323
Noncurrent Assets Contribution aid receivable						424,510		454,793			
Lease receivable, noncurrent				203,177		727,010		101,700			
Intangibles - service area										285,141	300,613
Total Noncurrent Assets				203,177		424,510		454,793		285,141	300,613
Capital assets:											
Land		32,779		32,779		156,187		156,187		6,317	6,317
Construction in process		143,479 1,252,796		1 252 706		10 440 040		10 440 040		648,629	640 600
Buildings Improvements other than buildings		1,252,796 6,371,351		1,252,796 6,371,351		10,448,848 8,920,972		10,448,848 8,920,972		2,020,217	648,629 2,020,217
Machinery and equipment		142,119		142,119		682,698		729,558		1,141,746	1,141,746
Office equipment and furnishings		34,776		34,776		36,766		36,766		90,839	90,839
Vehicles		66,962		57,903		68,066		59,007		209,487	209,487
Infrastructure		7,796,560		7,728,043 (5,665,600)		5,194,143		5,194,143 (11,540,359)		(2.204.620)	(2.124.04)
Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets		(5,960,631) 9,880,191		9,954,167		(12,086,597) 13,421,083		14,005,122		(3,294,630) 822,605	(3,124,042
Deferred Outflows of Resources		0,000,00		0,001,101		,,		,,		322,000	
Deferred outflows from pension activity		13,379		33,655		22,686		61,564		36,913	83,384
Deferred outflows from OPEB activity		10,010		1,586		22,000		2,828		00,010	4,63
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		13,379		35,241	_	22,686		64,392		36,913	88,02
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED											
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ ^	11,975,389	\$	12,156,804	\$	19,374,162	\$	19,154,770	\$	9,989,375	\$ 8,619,150
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION											
Current Liabilities Current maturities of bonds payable	\$	241,463	•	235,923	\$	292,419	Ф	288,493	\$		\$
Current maturities of leases payable	Φ	12,151	Φ	10,861	Φ	12,151	Φ	10,861	Φ	11,967	φ 12,176
Current maturities of other postemployment		12,101		10,001		12,101		10,001		11,007	12,110
benefits obligation				666				1,110			1,850
Accounts payable		73,727		50,432		121,340		49,354		228,011	240,250
Contracts payable Due to other governments		474		31,930						25,447	23.629
Deposits payable		7/7		31,330						88,080	49,924
Accrued interest payable		44,137		46,821		26,142		28,418		,	,
Compensated absences payable		14,069		11,727		25,573		17,581		41,172	43,073
Unearned revenue		0.074		F 000		44 704		10 140		23,181	40.00
Accrued salaries payable Total Current Liabilities	_	6,971 392,992		5,869 394,229		11,701 489,326		10,142 405,959		417.858	18,884 389,786
Noncurrent Liabilities		,		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,	
Other postemployment benefits obligation				5,926				10,641			17,419
Compensated absences payable		12,716		13,555		19,331		17,172		23,100	19,990
Net pension liability		66,519		132,541		109,958		236,264		225,420	387,420
Capital leases payable, net of current maturities		17,598		11,285		17,599		11,286			10,38
Bonds payable, net of current maturities and unamortized premium		3,368,356		3,610,051		3,390,864		3,683,436			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,465,189		3,773,358		3,530,864		3,958,799		248,520	435,214
Deferred Inflows of Resources				, , ,				, ,		,	,
Deferred inflows of Resources Deferred revenue - contribution aid						424,510		454,793			
Deferred inflows from leasing activity				211,202		,		,			
Deferred inflows from pension activity		86,915		43,382		100,645		76,072		198,335	134,789
Deferred inflows from OPEB activity		00.045		27,741		FOF 4FF		49,447		400.005	81,08
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		86,915		282,325		525,155		580,312		198,335	215,874
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets		6,240,623		6,086,047		9,708,050		10,011,046		810,638	970,632
Restricted for debt service		265,503		263,110		188,884		188,681			
Unrestricted		1,524,167		1,357,735		4,924,995		4,009,973		8,314,024	6,607,644
Total Net Position		8,030,293		7,706,892		14,821,929		14,209,700		9,124,662	7,578,276
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ -	11,975,389	Φ	12,156,804	\$	10 274 162	Φ	19,154,770	\$	9,989,375	\$ 8,619,150

See Notes to the Financial Statements

_		ess-Type Activitie	es - E		unc 09	ls				
		nwater		Municipal L		or Store		Tot	als	
	2024	2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
\$	1,226,079	\$ 931,614	\$	527,212	\$	555,120	\$	15,828,426	\$	13,329,807
	100,915	100,411						555,302		552,202
	1,586	1,586		5,247		1,470		49,676		29,704
	71,343	67,280						1,232,671		1,153,786
	40.750	40 750						25,891		05.050
	18,750	18,750						55,397		65,958
				134,281		114,077		750,502		8,025 455,347
	1,615	3,490		1,564		4,079		23,145		35,053
_	1,420,288	1,123,131		668,304		674,746	_	18,521,010		15,629,882
								424,510		454,793
								12 1,5 10		203,177
								285,141		300,613
								709,651		958,583
	74,968	74,968		49,500		49,500		319,751		319,751
	52,883			757.015		757.045		196,362		12 100 100
				757,915 119,746		757,915 7,273		13,108,188 17,432,286		13,108,188 17,319,813
	124,793	124,793		10,324		10,324		2.101.680		2,148,540
	2,609	2,609		64,402		64,402		229,392		229,392
	2,000	2,000		0 1, 102		0.,.02		344,515		326,397
	7,423,861	7,423,861						20,414,564		20,346,047
	(1,957,953)			(329,023)		(313,989)		(23,628,834)		(22,453,466)
	5,721,161	5,816,755		672,864		575,425		30,517,904		31,344,662
	4,834	12,616 574		14,241		28,510 1,401		92,053		219,729 11,026
	4,834	13,190		14,241		29,911	_	92,053		230,755
		,						,		,
\$	7,146,283	\$ 6,953,076	•	1,355,409	•	1,280,082	\$	49,840,618	\$	48,163,882
\$	96,155	\$ 94,624	\$		\$		\$	630,037 36,269	\$	619,040 33,898
								30,203		33,030
		222				592				4,440
	822	547		50,436		28,158		474,336		368,741
				15,379		17,705		41,300		73,264
	12,766	13,665						88,080 83,045		49,924
	4,078	6,066		7,429		2,294		92,321		88,904 80,741
	18,750	18,750		4,717		3,960		23,467		22,710
	2,467	1,957		8,265		6,879		52,585		43,731
	135,038	135,831		86,226		59,588		1,521,440		1,385,393
		2,164				5,228				41,378
	1,834	2,203		5,211				62,192		52,920
	23,945	47,969		75,781		117,046		501,623		921,240
								35,197		32,956
	1,046,348	1,142,723						7,805,568		8,436,210
	1,072,127	1,195,059		80,992		122,274	_	8,404,580		9,484,704
								424,510		454,793 211,202
	21,767	16,526		63,023		38,802		470,685		309,571
		10,040				24,493	_			192,806
	21,767	26,566		63,023		63,295		895,195		1,168,372
	4,578,658	4,579,408		672,864		575,425		22,010,833		22,222,558
	100,915	100,411						555,302		552,202
	1,237,778	915,801		452,304		459,500		16,453,268		13,350,653
	5,917,351	5,595,620		1,125,168		1,034,925		39,019,403		36,125,413
\$	7,146,283	\$ 6,953,076	\$	1,355,409	\$	1,280,082	\$	49,840,618	\$	48,163,882

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds 601 604 602 Water Wastewater Treatment **Electric** 2024 2023 2024 2023 2024 2023 **Operating Revenues** 2,281,298 \$ Service fees and charges \$ 1,109,078 \$ 1,035,755 \$ 2,366,561 \$ 5,250,142 5,375,339 \$ Less cost of sales Connection and access fees 53,300 41,040 104,800 82,990 39,062 8,129 Refunds and reimbursements 1,055 28,493 96,335 2,758 34,094 Total operating revenue 1,163,433 1,076,795 2,499,854 2,398,382 5,510,736 5,261,029 **Operating Expenses** Personnel services 176,018 230,862 253,079 391,187 537,027 730,488 Supplies 102,727 124,772 148,038 161,213 252,384 325,724 Insurance 8,720 8,607 18,759 18,768 10,583 10,490 Utilities 78,173 77,718 5,085 5,075 10,898 8,851 Purchased power 2,781,497 3,006,822 Other services and charges 157,111 131,929 958.489 508,216 346,552 279,665 Depreciation 307,271 226,933 605,340 594,920 170,588 170,042 1,679,379 Total Operating Expenses 830,020 800,821 1,988,790 4,109,529 4,532,082 333,413 275,974 511,064 719,003 1,401,207 Operating Income 728,947 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income 61.977 31.952 147,361 87,152 212.343 137.819 Lease income 13,345 14,106 9,409 5,029 Gain on sale of assets 12,750 12,750 (16,573)Interest expense and fiscal charges (106, 236)(105, 182)(67,629)(66,823)(14,780)Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (18, 164)(59, 124)92,482 20,329 205,179 128,068 INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS AND **CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS** 315,249 216,850 603,546 739,332 1,606,386 857,015 Capital contributions 8,152 2,313 8,683 8,923 Transfers in 100,000 Transfers out (60,000)(60,000)**CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 323,401 219,163 612,229 748,255 1,546,386 897,015 **NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR** 7,706,892 7,487,729 14,209,700 13,461,445 7,578,276 6,681,261 **NET POSITION - END OF YEAR** \$ 8,030,293 \$ 7,706,892 \$ 14,821,929 \$ 14,209,700 9,124,662 7,578,276

6	05		60	09					
Storm	าwat	er	Municipal L	iquor Store		Tota	als		
 2024		2023	2024	2023		2024	2023		
\$ 557,615	\$	519,007	\$ 1,689,831 (1,303,082)	\$ 1,650,800 (1,285,449)	\$	11,098,424 (1,303,082)	\$ 10,737,002 (1,285,449)		
50			508	25		197,162 126,441	132,159 36,877		
 557,665		519,007	387,257	365,376		10,118,945	9,620,589		
 557,005		319,007	301,231	303,370	_	10,116,945	9,020,369		
52,480		82,653	220,209	238,651		1,238,813	1,673,841		
4,029		6,767	11,557	24,585		518,735	643,061		
758		533	4,854	4,362		43,674	42,760		
			9,567	11,078		103,723	102,722		
						2,781,497	3,006,822		
36,379		44,203	35,531	28,466		1,534,062	992,479		
148,477		140,943	15,034	2,210		1,246,710	1,135,048		
242,123		275,099	296,752	309,352		7,467,214	7,596,733		
315,542		243,908	90,505	56,024		2,651,731	2,023,856		
36,804		19,085	15,738	15,074		474,223 22,754 25,500	291,082 19,135		
(30,615)		(22,458)				(221,053)	(209,243)		
6,189		(3,373)	15,738	15,074		301,424	100,974		
321,731		240,535	106,243	71,098		2,953,155	2,124,830		
						16,835	11,236 100,000		
			(16,000)	(16,000)		(76,000)	(76,000)		
321,731		240,535	90,243	55,098		2,893,990	2,160,066		
 5,595,620		5,355,085	1,034,925	979,827		36,125,413	33,965,347		
\$ 5,917,351	\$	5,595,620	\$ 1,125,168	\$ 1,034,925	\$	39,019,403	\$ 36,125,413		

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	60)1		602		604			
	Wa	iter		Wastewater T	reatment	Elec	etric		
	2024	2023		2024	2023	2024	2023		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash received from customers Other receipts Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 1,149,970 13,345 (173,413) (433,682)	\$ 1,066,927 14,106 (236,134) (375,837)	\$	2,468,068 \$ (241,369) (1,178,434)	2,387,634 (409,801) (724,656)	\$ 5,503,989 9,409 (531,521) (3,832,314)	\$ 5,133,504 5,029 (721,981) (3,650,433)		
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	556,220	469,062		1,048,265	1,253,177	1,149,563	766,119		
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfer in/out, net						(60,000)	40,000		
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities						(60,000)	40,000		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Capital asset acquisitions Capital contributions Proceeds from sale of assets	(164,496) 8,152 12,750	(308,995) 2,313		8,683 12,750	(11,818) 8,923		(58,958)		
Principal payments on bonds and capital leases	(249,621)	(309,307)		(302,191)	(397,028)	(10,594)	(108,631)		
Interest payments on bonds and capital leases Net Cash Used In Capital and	(109,150)	(130,609)		(70,058)	(78,796)	(1,101)	(3,986)		
Related Financing Activities	(502,365)	(746,598)		(350,816)	(478,719)	(11,695)	(171,575)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Investment income received Net Cash Provided By Capital and	56,261	30,750		143,172	86,666	206,053	136,290		
Related Financing Activities	56,261	30,750		143,172	86,666	206,053	136,290		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS	110,116	(246,786)		840,621	861,124	1,283,921	770,834		
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,802,797	2,049,583		4,306,098	3,444,974	6,185,969	5,415,135		
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,912,913	\$ 1,802,797	\$	5,146,719 \$	4,306,098	\$ 7,469,890	\$ 6,185,969		
Classified as: Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$ 1,647,410 265,503	\$ 1,539,687 263,110	\$	4,957,835 \$ 188,884	4,117,417 188,681	\$ 7,469,890	\$ 6,185,969		
Total Cash and Investments, End of Year	\$ 1,912,913	\$ 1,802,797	\$	5,146,719 \$	4,306,098	\$ 7,469,890	\$ 6,185,969		

60			60			. -		
 Storm	ıwa	iter	Municipal L	ıquc	or Store	101	als	
 2024		2023	2024		2023	2024		2023
\$ 553,602	\$	516,835	\$ 387,257	\$	365,376	\$ 10,062,886 22,754	\$	9,470,276 19,135
(54,327)		(83,043)	(208,477)		(239,310)	(1,209,107)		(1,690,269)
 (61,955)		(56,783)	(90,176)		(93,111)	(5,596,561)		(4,900,820)
 437,320		377,009	88,604		32,955	3,279,972		2,898,322
			(16,000)		(16,000)	(76,000)		24,000
			(16,000)		(16,000)	(76,000)		24,000
(52,797)		(6,233)	(112,473)		(478,924)	(329,766) 16,835 25,500		(864,928) 11,236
(94,624)		(133,053)				(657,030)		(948,019)
(31,734)		(28,656)				(212,043)		(242,047)
(179,155)		(167,942)	(112,473)		(478,924)	(1,156,504)		(2,043,758)
36,804		19,393	11,961		14,999	454,251		288,098
 36,804		19,393	11,961		14,999	454,251		288,098
294,969		228,460	(27,908)		(446,970)	2,501,719		1,166,662
1,032,025		803,565	555,120		1,002,090	13,882,009		12,715,347
\$ 1,326,994	\$	1,032,025	\$ 527,212	\$	555,120	\$ 16,383,728	\$	13,882,009
\$ 1,226,079 100,915	\$	931,614 100,411	\$ 527,212	\$	555,120	\$ 15,828,426 555,302	\$	13,329,807 552,202
\$ 1,326,994	\$	1,032,025	\$ 527,212	\$	555,120	\$ 16,383,728	\$	13,882,009

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statements of Cash Flows - continued

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	601					602		604			
		Wa	ater			Wastewater T	reatment	Elect	tric		
		2024		2023		2024	2023	2024		2023	
Operating Income	\$	333,413	\$	275,974	\$	511,064 \$	719,003	\$ 1,401,207	\$	728,947	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to											
net cash provided by operating activities:											
Depreciation		307,271		226,933		605,340	594,920	170,588		170,042	
Change in net pension liability		(2,213)		811		(62,855)	(11,491)	(51,983)		58,097	
Miscellaneous nonoperating income		13,345		14,106				9,409		5,029	
(Increase) Decrease In:											
Accounts receivable		(14,803)		(11,645)		(15,116)	(17,410)	(44,903)		(125, 132)	
Special assessments receivable		1,340		1,777		9,221	6,662				
Due from other governments						(25,891)					
Inventories								(274,951)		(52,238)	
Prepaid items		3,670		(4,189)		1,176	(4,098)	2,672		(6,325)	
Deferred outflows from OPEB activity		1,586		1,122		2,828	2,207	4,637		2,652	
Increase (Decrease) In:											
Accounts payable		(24,205)		40,476		71,986	10,962	(12,239)		(15,807)	
Contracts payable				(89,800)							
Due to other governments		(31,456)		25,383			(14,048)	1,818		4,541	
Accrued salaries payable		1,102		(847)		1,559	(2,242)	4,297		885	
Compensated absences payable		1,503		(4,425)		10,151	(16,372)	1,209		7,622	
Unearned revenue				, , ,							
Deferred inflows from OPEB activity		(27,741)		15,211		(49,447)	26,153	(81,085)		47,374	
Other postemployment benefits obligation		(6,592)		(21,825)		(11,751)	(41,069)	(19,269)		(57,175)	
Deposits payable								38,156		(2,393)	
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	556,220	\$	469,062	\$	1,048,265 \$	1,253,177	\$ 1,149,563	\$	766,119	
Noncash Capital and Related											
Financing Activities											
Amortization of bond premium											
and intangibles	\$	(232)	\$	(3.883)	\$	(153) \$	(3,707)	\$ 15.472	\$	12,233	
Capital asset additions included	7	(=3 =)	7	(-,0)	-	(:) +	(-,. 0.)	,,	•	. – , – . •	
in accounts payable		47,500									
		,									

	60			609					
_	Storm	wat	er	Municipa l Liqu	or Store		Tot	als	
	2024		2023	2024	2023		2024		2023
\$	315,542	\$	243,908	\$ 90,505 \$	56,024	\$	2,651,731	\$	2,023,856
	148,477		140,943	15,034	2,210		1,246,710		1,135,048
	(11,001)		(1,220)	(2,775)	11,600		(130,827)		57,797
							22,754		19,135
	(4,063)		(2,172)				(78,885)		(156,359)
							10,561		8,439
							(25,891)		
				(20,204)	(6,439)		(295,155)		(58,677)
	1,875		(1,448)	2,515	(1,450)		11,908		(17,510)
	574		427	1,401	825		11,026		7,233
	189		(342)	22,278	(25,208)		58,009		10,081
									(89,800)
				(2,326)	(44)		(31,964)		15,832
	510		(398)	1,386	160		8,854		(2,442)
	(2,357)		8	10,346	(819)		20,852		(13,986)
	(10,040)		5,412	757 (24,493)	(571) 14,196		757		(571)
	(2,386)		(8,109)	(24,493) (5,820)	(17,529)		(192,806) (45,818)		108,346 (145,707)
	(2,300)		(0,109)	(3,620)	(17,329)		38,156		(2,393)
\$	437,320	\$	377,009	\$ 88,604 \$	32,955	\$	3,279,972	\$	2,898,322
\$	(220)	\$	(1,973)	\$ \$		\$	14,867	\$	2,670
	86						47,586		

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Cu	stodial
		877
	Fe	estival
	in tl	ne Park
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	5,711
Prepaid items		1,913
TOTAL ASSETS	•	7,624
TOTAL ASSETS	Ψ	7,024
LIADUITICO		
LIABILITIES	_	
Accounts payable	_\$	1,000
NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	6,624

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Custodial	
	877	
	F	estival
	in t	he Park
Additions		
Contributions and donations	\$	37,984
Deductions Other services and charges		47,457
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(9,473)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		16,097
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	6,624

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

City of Kasson, Minnesota, (the City) operates under "Optional Plan A" as defined in the State of Minnesota statutes. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and four-member Council. The Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The blended component unit presented has a December 31 year end.

Blended Component Unit. The Economic Development Authority (EDA) is responsible for economic and industrial development and redevelopment within the City's jurisdiction. The seven members of the EDA's governing board, including two council members, are appointed and approved by the Council. In accordance with GASB accounting standards, this entity is properly presented as a blended presented component unit as a governmental fund type. This is shown as a blended component unit because of the nature of operations with the City and EDA.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year in which the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recognized.

Unearned revenue is recorded when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements, other than time requirements, are met and recorded as unearned revenue. On the modified accrual basis, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Public Safety Building fund* accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the Fire Hall construction project.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Utility fund accounts for costs associated with the City's water system and to ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The Wastewater Treatment fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's wastewater treatment system and to ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The *Electric fund* accounts for the costs associated with the City's electrical system and to ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The Stormwater fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's storm water system, which are financed by the storm water surcharge, and to ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The *Municipal Liquor Store fund* accounts for the operations of the City's off-sale liquor store.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

The custodial fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. This fund accounts for Festival in the Park activities.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water, sewer and electric functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance</u>

Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Cash and Investments (Continued)

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, related in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 6. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 7. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 8. Guaranteed investment contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. Broker money market accounts operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pools is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)</u>

Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment policy

The three main objectives of all investment activities can be prioritized as safety, liquidity, and yield. Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the City. Each investment transaction shall seek to first insure that capital losses are avoided. The objective will be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk. Credit risk is the risk of loss due to failure of the security issuer or backer. Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates. The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated demands. This is accomplished by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands. The investment portfolio of the City shall be designed to attain the market-average rate of return through budgetary and economic cycles, taking into consideration the City's investment risk constraints, cash flow characteristics of the portfolio and prudent investment policies.

The City will attempt to diversify its investments according to type and maturity. The portfolio, as much as possible, will contain both short-term and long-term investments. The City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Extended maturities may be utilized to take advantage of higher yields; however, no more than 50 percent of total investments, based upon year end investment balance of the prior year, should extend beyond five years and in no circumstance, should any extend beyond ten years.

The purpose of this policy is to establish specific guidelines the City will use in the investment of City funds. It will be the responsibility of the Finance Director or City Administrator to invest City funds in order to attain a market rate of return while preserving and protecting the capital of the overall portfolio. Investments will be made, based on statutory constraints, in safe, low risk investments.

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources unless the proceeds from those advances meets the definition of restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance.

Property Taxes

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December each year and are certified for collection in the following year. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. In Minnesota, counties are responsible and act as collection agents for all property taxes and tax settlements are made to the City during January, June, and December each year.

Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2024. Since the City is generally able to certify delinquent amounts to the county for collection as special assessments, an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$4,000 has been provided on current receivables.

Special Assessments

Assessments are levied at various times upon City Council resolution for property owner improvements made by the City. Assessment collections are deferred over a period of fifteen years with interest charges of 4.11% to 9.0%. Revenue from these assessments is recognized as the annual installments become collectible. Annual installments not collected as of each December 31 are classified as delinquent assessments receivable. The amount of delinquent assessments receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the Governmental Fund Types because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

Contribution Aid Receivable

Contribution aid receivable represents amounts due to the City related to construction costs associated with the expansion of the wastewater treatment facility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)</u>

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are stated at cost on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of cash and temporary investments restricted to specific purposes by bonded debt requirements and other agreements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)</u>

Capital Assets (Continued)

For financial statement purposes only, a capitalization threshold is established for each capital asset category as follows:

Buildings	\$	5,000
Improvements Other than Buildings		5,000
Machinery and Equipment		2,500
Office Equipment and Furnishings		5,000
Vehicles		5,000
Infrastructure	1	00,000

Property, plant, and equipment are capitalized when acquired, and depreciation is provided using the straight-line method applied over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

	Useful Life
	<u>in Years</u>
Buildings	5 - 15
Improvements Other than Buildings	15 - 20
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 15
Office Equipment and Furnishings	5 – 15
Vehicles	5 - 15
Infrastructure	15 - 50

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City has two types of deferred outflows which are pension and OPEB related and reported on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, sick and comp time which is paid to the employees upon separation and meeting policy requirements. Vacation, sick and comp time pay is accrued when incurred and reported as a fund liability. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental compensated absences payable.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Under Minnesota statute 471.61, subdivision 2b., public employers must allow retirees and their dependents to continue coverage indefinitely in an employer-sponsored health care plan, under the following conditions: 1) Retirees must be receiving (or eligible to receive) an annuity from a Minnesota public pension plan, 2) Coverage must continue in group plan until age 65, and retirees must pay no more than the group premium, and 3) Retirees may obtain dependent coverage immediately before retirements. All premiums are funded on a pay as you go basis. This amount was actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)</u>

Net Position / Fund Balance

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual restraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City Council through formal action and remain binding unless removed by the City Council by subsequent formal action.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The City Council, by majority vote, may assign fund balances to be used for specific purposes when appropriate. The council also delegates the power to assign fund balances for specific purposes to the City Administrator and Finance Director.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognized four types of deferred inflows. The first type occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The second type is pension related and reported on the statement of net position. The third type (deferred revenue) relates to contributions in aid of construction that will be recognized over the term of the related financing per GASB No. 62, which includes accounting for regulated entities. The fourth type is lease related and reported on the statement of net position.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Leases

For leases with term exceeding 12 months, the City recognized a lease liability and a right to use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements.

The right to use lease asset is calculated at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor, before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs incurred, minus any lease incentives received. Subsequently, the right to use lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payment expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. Remeasurement of the right to use lease asset and lease liability occurs when certain changes occur that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

Right to use lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reporting with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Leases (continued)

The City leases water tower space to an external party. Lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources are recorded based on the present value of expected receipts over the term of the respective lease. The expected payments and receipts are discounted using the interest rate charged on the lease, if available, and are otherwise discounted using the City's incremental borrowing rate. Variable payments are excluded from the valuations unless they are fixed in substance. For leases featuring payments tied to an index or market rate, the valuation is based on the initial index or market rate. The City does not have any leases subject to a residual value guarantee.

Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in certain statements and schedules of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data has not been presented since their inclusion would not provide meaningful comparisons. Certain amounts in the prior year totals column have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

During the year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement provides guidance on accounting and financial reporting for reporting a liability for certain types of leave (compensated absences). Under this Statement, government organizations are required to recognize a liability for employee's compensated absences if the leave is attributable to employee's services already rendered, if the leave accumulates, or if it is more likely than not to be used for time off or paid in cash upon separation. The liability is measured using an employee's rate of pay at the date of the financial statements. The liability and associated expense are reported in the government-wide and proprietary statements. The Statement has been implemented and a liability has been reported on the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General fund, Library, Economic Development, and Ice Arena special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

Each August, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the Finance Director so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 15, the proposed budget is presented to the council for review and the proposed levy is adopted. The Council prepared a final budget and it is adopted in early December. The Council invites the public to the meeting when the budget is discussed.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. Budgeted amounts are as amended.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2024, the City's cash and investments consisted of the following items, all of which are held in an internal investment pool:

Cash On Hand Deposits	\$ 400 8,059,791
Money Market	3,474,278
4M Fund	3,089,749
US Treasuries	182,476
Non-Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	779,175
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	10,609,106
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 26,194,975
Cash and Investments	\$ 25,639,673
Restricted Cash and Investments	555,302
Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position	\$ 26,194,975

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. <u>Summary of Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

Investments Authorized by Minnesota Statutes

The City is authorized by Minnesota Statutes Chapter 118A to invest idle funds as follows:

- (a) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies
- (b) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) above.
- (c) General obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities.
- (d) Bankers acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- (e) Commercial paper issued by the United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- (f) Repurchase agreements with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a reporting dealer to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- (g) Money market funds with institutions that have portfolios consisting exclusively of United States Treasury obligations and Federal Agency issues.

The City's established investment policy complies with Minnesota Statutes Chapter 118A and investment transactions are executed in accordance with the authorized investment policy.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits. The City's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's custodial banks in the City's name.

Minnesota Statues require that all City deposits be insured, secured by surety bonds, or be collateralized. Except for notes secured by first mortgages of future maturity, the market value of collateral pledged by the custodial bank must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes certain state of local government obligations and legal investments. Minnesota Statues also require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the Treasurer, or in a financial institution other than the institution furnishing the collateral.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. <u>Summary of Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments are as follows:

Non-Negotiable Certificate of Deposit 7% Negotiable Certificate of Deposit 92%

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value measurements are determined utilizing the framework established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data. Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - o Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
 - Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specific (contractual) term, Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability

• Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. Summary of Cash and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The City's investments within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

			Fair Value Interest Risk - Maturity Date in Years					
	Credit	Risk	Measurements	No Maturity				
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Using	Date	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	Total
US Treasuries	AAAm	S&P	Level 1	\$	\$ 182,476	\$	\$	\$ 182,476
4M Fund	Not Rated	N/A	N/A	3,089,749				3,089,749
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	N/A	N/A	Level 2		3,347,191	7,261,915		10,609,106
Total Investments				\$3,089,749	\$3,529,667	\$7,261,915	\$	\$ 13,881,331

N/A - Not Applicable

The 4M Fund is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission regulated by Minnesota Statutes. The City's investments in this investment pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool, which is based on the amortized cost method that approximates fair value. For the 4M investment pool, there are no unfunded commitments, redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice required.

B. <u>Deferred Special Assessments Receivable</u>

Deferred assessments receivable represent levies made on the property of owners benefited by public improvement projects. Assessments are payable over various periods.

C. Notes Receivable

The Economic Development Authority (EDA) has loaned various economic development notes to city businesses. These notes are receivable by the EDA with interest at 3 percent per annum. The balance on notes receivable at December 31, 2024 is \$62,370.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning			
Governmental Activities	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,027,760	\$	\$ 42,902	\$ 984,858
Construction in progress	4,188,550	695,314	4,164,940	718,924
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,216,310	695,314	4,207,842	1,703,782
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,111,100	7,323,045	239,075	14,195,070
Improvements other than buildings	2,441,832	54,100		2,495,932
Machinery and equipment	1,221,780			1,221,780
Office equipment and furnishings	305,547			305,547
Vehicles	4,150,898	169,053	125,601	4,194,350
Infrastructure	27,969,304	321,605		28,290,909
Total capital assets, being depreciated	43,200,461	7,867,803	364,676	50,703,588
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,207,972	197,380	161,375	2,243,977
Improvements other than buildings	1,124,822	166,070		1,290,892
Machinery and equipment	925,827	89,146		1,014,973
Office equipment and furnishings	223,798	22,176		245,974
Vehicles	2,248,103	305,510	125,601	2,428,012
Infrastructure	12,133,848	1,158,874		13,292,722
Total accumulated depreciation	18,864,370	1,939,156	286,976	20,516,550
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	24,336,091	5,928,647	77,700	30,187,038
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,552,401	\$ 6,623,961	\$4,285,542	\$ 31,890,820

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	ning nce	Incr	eases	Decreases		Ending Balance		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Dala	iice	IIICI	eases		i eases	ши	ing balance
Land	\$ 3	19,751	\$		\$		\$	319,751
Construction in progress	Ψ 5	13,731		196,362	Ψ		Ψ	196,362
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		19,751	-	196,362				516,113
, , ,		19,751		190,302				310,113
Capital assets, being depreciated:	40.4	00.400						40 400 400
Buildings	13,1	08,188						13,108,188
Improvements other than buildings	17,3	19,813	•	112,473				17,432,286
Machinery and equipment	2,1	48,540				46,860		2,101,680
Office equipment and furnishings	2	29,392						229,392
Vehic l es	3	26,397		42,602		24,484		344,515
Infrastructure	20,3	46,047		68,517				20,414,564
Total capital assets, being depreciated	53,4	78,377		223,592		71,344		53,630,625
Less accumulated depreciation for:			•			-		
Buildings	6,9	23,458	3	319,403				7,242,861
Improvements other than buildings	8,8	51,238	3	327,486				9,178,724
Machinery and equipment	1,5	90,599	,	159,822		46,860		1,703,561
Office equipment and furnishings	2	28,950		442				229,392
Vehicles	2	84,920		32,635		24,482		293,073
Infrastructure	4,5	74,301		106,922				4,981,223
Total accumulated depreciation	22,4	53,466	1,2	246,710		71,342		23,628,834
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	31,0	24,911	(1,0	023,118)		2		30,001,791
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 31,3	44,662	\$ (8	326,756)	\$	2	\$	30,517,904

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental	Activities:
--------------	-------------

General government	\$ 25,702
Public safety	291,128
Public works	1,295,511
Culture and recreation	317,909
Cemetery	 8,906
	 _
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,939,156
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 307,271
Wastewater treatment	605,340
Electric	170,588
Stormwater	148,477
Liquor	 15,034
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,246,710

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Leases

In February 2000, the City ended into a lease with a cell phone service company. Under the lease, the cell phone service provider pays the City between \$1,144 - \$1,891 per month for two-hundred four months in exchange for providing cell phone services to the City residents with antennas on top of the water towers. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the future rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at a discount rate of 3.063%, which is the assumed rate based on the City's most recent bond rate.

In 2024, the City derecognized this lease as the lessor is no longer leasing this space from the City.

F. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The amounts due to and from other funds as of December 31, 2024, at the individual fund level are summarized below:

	Due I	From Other	Due	e To Other	
Funds		Funds	Funds		
General Fund	\$	593,801	\$	_	
Economic Development		82,577			
Bigelow-Voigt Abatement				120,086	
Dodge County Ice Arena				18,571	
Vail Property				77,591	
Sand Company TIF				7,454	
Raegan Addition TIF				5,754	
2025 Street Project				42,140	
2025 SW Reconstruction				297,500	
16th Street NW				24,705	
Downtown TIF				82,577	
Total	\$	676,378	\$	676,378	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The amounts advanced to and from other funds as of December 31, 2024, at the individual fund level are summarized below:

Funds	vances To her Funds	Advances From Other Funds		
General Fund	\$ 383,068	\$	_	
2023 Street Repair Project	 		383,068	
Total	\$ 383,068	\$	383,068	

Transfers during the year ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	-	Transfers	Transfers
Funds		In	Out
General Fund	\$	202,861	\$ 1,016,296
Stabilization/Capital Projects Reserves		300,000	
Oppidan Folkestad TIF			35,848
Vail Property		300,000	
Highway 57			117,016
16th St NW		384,065	
Public Safety Building		228,811	
Fire Truck and Equipment			126,861
G.O. Tax Increment Refunding Bonds of 2020A		35,848	
2022A Hwy 57		117,016	
Gas Row Fees			196,580
Enterprise:			
Electric			60,000
Municipal Liquor Store			 16,000
Total Transfers	\$	1,568,601	\$ 1,568,601

The City generally utilizes interfund transfers for cash flow purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Interfund Balances and Transfers (Continued)

At December 31, 2024 the following funds have deficit fund balances:

Fund	Amount		
Special Revenue:	·		
Bigelow-Voigt Abatement	\$	119,831	
Vail Property		27,657	
Capital Projects:			
Downtown TIF		82,577	
Sand Company TIF		7,454	
Raegan Addition TIF		5,754	
16th Street NW		38,430	
2023 Street Repair Project		383,068	
2025 Street Project		46,060	
2025 SW Reconstruction Project		350,000	

The City plans to eliminate the deficits in these funds through future tax increment collections, transfers, debt issuance, grants, and developer reimbursements.

G. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City and EDA issue general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Each year the tax levy equal 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax payments.

G.O. Tax Increment Bonds

The following bond was issued to refund the 2014B Tax Increment Bonds that were issued to finance development within TIF 1-18. Specifically, land acquisition costs associated with the Shopko project and site improvements associated with the EDA owned and operated Folkestad building. The debt is to be repaid using tax increments and is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

	Authorized	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Bala	nce at
Description	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	Yea	r End
G.O. Tax Increment Refunding		_				
Bonds of 2020A	\$ 708,000	3.20 %	03/16/20	02/01/42	\$ 6	644,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term Debt (Continued)

G.O. Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid primarily from ad valorem tax levies. All general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Each year the tax levy equals 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax payments.

	Authorized	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Balance at
Description	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	Year End
G.O. Refunding					
Note of 2020B	\$ 708,000	1.75 %	05/28/20	02/01/28	\$ 811,000

G.O. Improvement Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid primarily from specific assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements. Some issues, however, are partly financed by ad valorem tax levies. All special assessment debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Each year the combined assessment and tax levy equal 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax or assessment payments.

Description	Authorized Interest and Issued Rate		Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End		
G.O. Improvement Bonds							
of 2014C	\$ 430,000	2.50 - 3.50 %	06/02/14	02/01/30	\$ 190,000		
G.O. Improvement and Utility							
Revenue Bonds of 2017A	3,762,900	2.00 - 2.50	07/05/17	02/01/33	2,397,600		
G.O. Improvement & Utility							
Revenue Bond 2022A	1,491,664	3.063	05/11/22	02/01/38	1,366,037		
G.O Special Election							
Bonds of 2023A	7,000,000	4.00	08/09/23	02/01/53	7,000,000		
Total G.O. Improvement Bonds					\$10,953,637		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term Debt (Continued)

G.O. Revenue Bonds

The following revenue bonds were issued to finance capital improvements in the enterprise funds. They will be retired from net revenues of the enterprise funds.

Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
\$3,017,100	2.00 - 2.50 %	07/05/17	02/01/33	\$ 1,922,400
4,528,336	3.063	05/11/22	02/01/38	4,146,964
				\$ 6,069,364
	and Issued \$3,017,100	and Issued Rate \$3,017,100 2.00 - 2.50 %	and Issued Rate Date \$3,017,100 2.00 - 2.50 % 07/05/17	and Issued Rate Date Date \$3,017,100 2.00 - 2.50 % 07/05/17 02/01/33

Notes Payable

The following notes payable were issued to finance capital improvements in the enterprise funds. They will be retired from net revenues of the enterprise funds.

	Authorized	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Balance at
Description	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	Year End
G.O. Sewer Revenue Note					
of 2011 (PFA)	\$ 994,038	1.86 %	08/31/11	08/20/31	\$ 399,000
G.O. Sewer Revenue					
Note of 2018 (PFA)	2,843,535	1.095	02/14/18	08/20/37	1,963,000
Total Notes Payable					\$ 2,362,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term Debt (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt obligations during the year ended December 31, 2024:

	_						-			nounts
		leginning Ba l ance	۸	dditions	Dod	uctions	Endir Ba l an	-	Due Within One Year	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>		aditions	Neur	uctions	Dalaii	ce		ne real
Bonds Payable:										
General Obligation Bonds:										
2014A GO Equipment Certificate	\$	114.000	\$		\$ 1	14.000	\$		\$	
2020B GO Refunding Note	۳	1.005.000	۳			94.000	•	1.000	۳	199.000
General Obligation Improvement Bonds:		.,000,000				.,	•	.,		,
2014C GO Improvement Bond		220,000				30,000	190	0.000		30,000
2017A GO Improvement and Utility Revenue Bonds	3	2,636,250				38,650		7,600		241,425
2022A GO Improvement and Utility Revenue Bonds		1,443,346				77,309	,	5,037		79,539
2023A GO Special Election Bonds		7,000,000				,		0,000		,
General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds:										
2020A GO Tax Increment Refunding Bond		659,000				15,000	644	4,000		19,000
Capital Lease Payable		192,194		169,053		99,757	26 ⁻	1,490		99,659
Plus: Unamortized premiums		81,273				3,299	7	7,974		
Total Bonds and Capital Leases Payable		13,351,063		169,053	7	72,015	12,748	3,101		668,623
Other Liabilities:										
Compensated absences		168,314		14,239			182	2,553		119,980
Governmental Activities										
Long-term Liabilities	1	13,519,377		183,292	7	72,015	12,930	0,654		788,603
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Bonds and Notes Payable:										
General Obligation Revenue Bonds:										
2017A GO Improvement and Utility Revenue Bonds	3	2,113,750			1	91,350	1 92	2,400		193,575
2022A GO Improvement and Utility Revenue Bonds		4.381.654				34.690		5.964		241.462
Notes Payable:	-	.,			_	.,	.,	-,		,
2011 PFA Loan		452,000				53,000	399	9,000		54,000
2018 PFA Loan		2,103,000			1	40,000	1,96	3,000		141,000
Capital Lease Payable		66,854		42,602		37,990	['] 7	1,466		36,269
Plus: Unamortized premiums		4,846				605		1,241		
Total Bonds, Notes, and Capital Leases Payable		9,122,104		42,602	6	57,635	8,50	7,071		666,306
Other Liabilities:										
Compensated absences		133,661		20,852			154	4,513		92,321
Business-type Activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>						
Long-term Liabilities		9,255,765		63,454	6	57,635	8,66	1,584		758,627
Total	\$ 2	22,775,142	\$	246,746	\$ 1,4	29,650	\$ 21,592	2,238	\$ 1	,547,230

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of December 31, 2024, excluding compensated absences over the life of the debt, are summarized below:

		General Obli	gatio			General Improvement Bonds			 General Obliq Increment	Bonds	Total
Years		Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest	 Principal	Interest	
Governmer	ntal /	<u>Activities</u>									
2025	\$	199,000	\$	12,451	\$	350,964	\$	382,693	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,304	\$ 984,412
2026		202,000		8,943		498,992		371,016	18,000	19,712	1,118,663
2027		204,000		5,390		512,267		355,618	22,000	19,072	1,118,347
2028		206,000		1,802		525,047		339,732	21,000	18,384	1,111,965
2029						551,098		323,133	24,000	17,664	915,895
2030-2034						2,544,301	1	,360,970	152,000	74,976	4,132,247
2035-2039						1,530,968	1	,027,749	216,000	45,600	2,820,317
2040-2044						1,315,000		760,700	172,000	8,448	2,256,148
2045-2049						1,595,000		470,500			
2050-2053						1,530,000		125,400			
Totals	\$	811,000	\$	28,586	\$ 1	0,953,637	\$5	5,517,511	\$ 644,000	\$224,160	\$ 14,457,994
	G	eneral Oblig Bo		n Revenue		Notes P	ava	hle	Total		
		Principal	100	Interest		Principal		nterest	 , otal	•	
Business-T		·		o.							
2025	\$	435,036	\$	168, 4 80	\$	195,000	\$	28,920	\$ 827,436		
2026		447,008		156,557		198,000		26,370	827,935		
2027		459,733		143,798		200,000		23,782	827,313		
2028		470,953		130,698		203,000		21,162	825,813		
2029		485,902		117,227		206,000		18,504	827,633		
2030-2034		2,401,699		373,043		882,000		54,750	3,711,492		
2035-2039		1,369,033		85,456		478,000		10,500	1,942,989		
Totals	\$	6,069,364	\$	1,175,259	\$	2,362,000	\$	183,988	\$ 9,790,611	ı	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize capital leases payable outstanding as of December 31, 2024, over the life of the leases, are summarized below:

Capital Leases Payable -

		Governmental								
Years	F	Principal		Interest						
2025	\$	99,659	\$	8,898						
2026		66,735		3,612						
2027		42,112		1,661						
2028		36,930		318						
2029		16,054		39						
Totals	\$	261,490	\$	14,528						

Capital Leases Payable -Business-Type

	Bacilloco Typo				
Years	Р	rincipal		Interest	
2025	\$	36,269	\$	1,678	
2026		16,646		238	
2027		8,344		92	
2028		8,396		40	
2029		1,811		1_	
Totals	\$	71,466	\$	2,049	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balance

The following is a summary of committed, restricted, and assigned fund balances as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

Committed For:		2024		2023
Economic Development	\$	163,415	\$	139,594
Library Operations		343,870		300,827
Total Committed Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	507,285	\$	440,421
Restricted For:				
Ice Arena Improvements	\$	8,000	\$	
Debt Service		1,944,498		1,600,473
Tax Increments		253,243		217,513
Abatements		55,000		
Loans		270,921		265,102
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	2,531,662	\$	2,083,088
Assigned For:				
Capital Improvements:				
Ice Arena	\$		\$	37,604
Stabilization/Cap Projects Reserve		2,094,650		1,741,752
Permanent Improvement Revolving		1,274,729		1,132,734
Hwy 57				241,505
Gas ROW Fees				196,580
Public Safety Building				2,906,748
Park Project		228,145		221,543
	•	0.505.50	_	0.470.465
Total Assigned Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	3,597,524	\$	6,478,466

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide

Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). These plan provisions are established and administered according to Minnesota Statutes chapters 353, 353D, 353E, 353G, and 356. Minnesota Statutes chapter 356 defines each plan's financial reporting requirements. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan (General Plan)

Membership in the General Plan includes employees of counties cities, townships, schools in non-certified positions, and other governmental entities whose revenues are derived from taxation, fees, or assessments. Plan membership is required for any employee who is expected to earn more than \$425 in a month, unless the employee meets exclusion criteria.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Retirement Plan (Police and Fire Plan)

Membership in the Police & Fire Plan includes full-time, licensed police officers and firefighters who meet the membership criteria defined in Minnesota Statutes section 353.64 and who are not earning service credit in any other PERA retirement plan or a local relief association for the same service. Employers can provide Police & Fire Plan coverage for part-time positions and certain other public safety positions by submitting a resolution adopted by the entity's governing body. The resolution must state that the position meets plan requirements.

Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service. When a member is "vested," they have earned enough service credit to receive a lifetime monthly benefit after leaving public service and reaching an eligible retirement age. Members who retire at or over their Social Security full retirement age with at least one year of service qualify for a retirement benefit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan requires three years of service to vest. Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of the Step or Level formulas. Only the Level formula is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under the Step formula, General Plan members receive 1.2 percent of the highest average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under the Level formula, General Plan members receive 1.7 percent of the highest average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full retirement benefit is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. Members can receive a reduced retirement benefit as early as age 55 if they have three or more years of service. Early retirement benefits are reduced by .25 percent for each month under age 65. Members with 30 or more years of service can retire at any age with a reduction of .25 percent for each month the member is younger than age 62. The Level formula allows General Plan members to receive a full retirement benefit at age 65 if they were first hired before July 1, 1989 or at age 66 if they were hired on or after July 1, 1989. Early retirement begins at age 55 with an actuarial reduction applied to the benefit.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. The 2024 annual increase was 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members hired before July 1, 2010, are vested after three years of service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2010, are 50 percent vested after five years of service and 100 percent vested after ten years. After five years, vesting increases by 10 percent each full year of service until members are 100 percent vested after ten years. Police and Fire Plan members receive 3 percent of highest average salary for all years of service. Police and Fire Plan members receive a full retirement benefit when they are age 55 and vested, or when their age plus their years of service equals 90 or greater if they were first hired before July 1, 1989. Early retirement starts at age 50, and early retirement benefits are reduced by 0.417 percent each month members are younger than age 55.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a prorated increase.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353, 353E, 353G, and 356 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

General Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$155,077. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the City was required to contribute 17.70 percent for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$133,136. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

Pension Costs

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$903,184 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$23,354.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net	\$ 903,184
pension liability associated with the City	 23,354
Total	\$ 926,538

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0244 percent at the end of the measurement 0.0274 percent for the beginning of the period.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$(135,017) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$(448) as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2024, the State of Minnesota contributed \$170.1 million to the General Employees Fund. The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the General Employees Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$170.1 million in direct state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The City recognized \$41,504 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions of the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	81,983	\$	4,004
Changes in actuarial assumptions		5,019		372,180
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments				253,055
Changes in proportion		4,269		167,555
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		76,306		
Total	\$	167,577	\$	796,794

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

The \$76,306 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pens	ion Expense
Year ending December 31:		Amount
2025	\$	(365,356)
2026		(106,107)
2027		(164,834)
2028		(69,226)

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$714,631 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0543 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0594 percent for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$37.4 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation, additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$19.4 million, and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. Additionally, \$9 million supplemental state aid was paid on October 1, 2024. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$27,241.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net	\$ 714,631
pension liability associated with the City	 27,241
Total	\$ 741,872

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$(33,803) for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized \$2,645 as grant revenue and pension expense for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund special funding situation.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$28.4 million in supplemental state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The City recognized \$2,645 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	283,963	\$	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		783,619		1,118,967
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments				221,921
Changes in proportion		38,057		117,641
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		69,877		
Total	\$	1,175,516	\$	1,458,529

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

The \$69,877 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pens	ion Expense
Year ending December 31:		Amount
2025	\$	(64,966)
2026		140,738
2027		(127,683)
2028		(302,773)
2029		1,794

Aggregate Pension Costs

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the City for the year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

General Employees Retirement Fund	\$(135,465)
Police and Fire Fund	(31,158)
Fire Relief	(87,658)
Total	<u>\$(254,281)</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5%	5.10%
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%
Total	100%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the cost-sharing defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used to determine of the total liability is 7%. The 7% assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates considered reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7% is within that range.

- Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and the Police and Fire Plan.
- Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 1% for the Police and Fire Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range in annual increments from 11.75% after one year of service to 3% after 24 years of service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The General Employees Plan was last reviewed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The Police & Fire Plan were reviewed in 2024. PERA anticipates the experience study will be approved by the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement and become effective with the July 1, 2025 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2024:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability.
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the most recent experience study.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors updated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Police and Fire Fund (continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- The State contribution of \$9.0 million per year will continue until the earlier of 1) both the Police & Fire Plan and State Patrol Retirement Fund attain 90 percent funded status for three consecutive years (on an actuarial value of assets basis) or 2) July 1, 2048. The contribution was previously due to expire after attaining a 90 percent funded status for one year.
- The additional \$9.0 million contribution will continue until the Police & Fire is fully funded for a minimum of three consecutive years on an actuarial value of assets basis, or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. This contribution was previously due to expire upon attainment of fully funded status on an actuarial value of assets basis for one year (or July 1, 2048 if earlier).

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2024 was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity Analysis

Net Pension Liability (Asset) at Different Discount Rates

	General Employees Fund		Police and Fire Fund	
1% Lower	6.00% \$	1,972,700	6.00% \$	1,688,813
Current Discount Rate	7.00%	903,184	7.00%	714,631
1% Higher	8.00%	23,410	8.00%	(85,376)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

5. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The elected officials of the City of Kasson, Minnesota are covered by the Defined Contribution Plan, a multi-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The Defined Contribution Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 353D and 356, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes fiver percent of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives two percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of one percent (0.25 percent) of the asset in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City during fiscal year 2024 were:

С	Contribution Amount		Percentage of	Required		
En	nployee	Em	ployer	Employee Employer		Rates
\$	351	\$	351	5%	5%	5%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Fire Relief Association

The Kasson Firemen's Relief Association has not had an actuarial study performed. The Association believes the funding status determined using the calculation required by the Minnesota State Auditor is sufficient to determine the reportable amounts under GASB No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Plan Description

The Kasson Firemen's Relief Association (the Association) is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established to provide benefits for members of the Kasson Fire Department (the Department).

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is partially from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980).

The financial requirements of the Special fund are determined in accordance with Minnesota statutes section 69.772 which requires the payment of pension benefits in a lump sum or optionally in annual installments. The benefits are payable after age 50, 20 years of service, and 10 years of Association membership, or upon death.

Benefits are accumulated at \$2,400 per year of active service in the Department. The accrued liability for these accumulated benefits is computed using increasing percentages based on years of service. At 20 years of service, the liability is equal to the number of years of service times benefits per year. Association members are fully vested after 20 years.

All members of the Department are covered by a defined benefit plan (the Plan) administered by the Association. The Plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Fire Relief Association (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is partially from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

The Association issues a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to Kasson Firefighters' Relief Association, Kasson, MN 55944.

Funding Status and Progress

The financial requirements of the Special fund are determined in accordance with Section 69.772 of the Minnesota statues, which requires the payment of pension benefits in a lump sum or optionally in annual installments. The benefits are payable after age 50, 20 years of service, and to years of Association membership or upon death.

At December 31, 2023 (most current information available) the Association's funding status is as follows:

Total plan assets	\$ 695,346
Total accrued liability	 (539,207)
Excess of Plan Assets	
over Accrued Liability	\$ 156,139

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Financial requirements of the Association are determined on a computation based on member years of service. The City's minimum obligation is the financial requirement for the year less Association investment earnings and State aids. The funding strategy should provide sufficient resources to pay relief association benefits on a timely basis. The City was not obligated to make a contribution in 2024.

The computation of the pension contribution requirements for 2024 was based on the same assumptions, benefit provision, lump sum funding method, and other significant factors used to determine pension contributions requirements in previous years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The City engaged an actuary to determine the City's liability for postemployment healthcare benefits other than pension for the year ended December 31, 2024.

A. Plan Description

The City administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan until Medicare age, which covers both active and retired members. There is 1 retiree receiving payments. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the unions representing City employees and are renegotiated from time to time. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The City has historically funded these liabilities on a pay-as-you-go basis. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the City and union representatives. At the present time, no retiree benefits are provided except the allowance to continue health insurance that is mandated by Minnesota Law. The City does not contribute any of the cost of current year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For fiscal year 2024, the City contributed \$7,750 to the plan. Plan members receiving benefits contribute 100 percent of their premium costs.

C. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the total OPEB liability of the City at yearend were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	_ \$	73,706
Covered employee payroll		
Total OPEB liability as a % of payroll		0%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2024, the most recent valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$73,706 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$0 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 0 percent. The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2024:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.00% to 3.70%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

E. Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2024, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	3.70%
20-year Municipal Bond Yield	3.70%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Mortality	Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale
Medical trend rate	6.50% as of January 1, 2024 grading to 5.00% over 6 years and then to 4.00% over the next 48 years.

F. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liabi				
Beginning Balance 1/1/2024	\$	76,204			
Changes for the year: Interest Assumption changes		2,876 2,106			
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,222			
Benefit payments	-	(8,702)			
Net Changes Balance End of Year 12/31/2024	\$	(2,498) 73,706			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

G. Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Discount and Health-Care Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it would be calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Total C	PEB Liability
1% decrease in Discount Rate (2.70%)	\$	76,876
Current Discount Rate (3.70%)		73,706
1% increase in Discount Rate (4.70%)		70,730

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it would be calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Total Of	PEB Liability
1% decrease in Trend Rates	\$	71,101
Current Trend Rates		73,706
1% increase in Trend Rates		76,416

H. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources of Resources

As of the year ended December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defei	rred Outflows	De	ferred Inflows of
	of	Resources		Resources
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	9,444	\$	6,943
Liability gains				261,140
Contributions paid to OPEB subsequent				
to the measurement date		7,429		
	\$	16,873	\$	268,083

Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$7,429 will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2025.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pensi	on Expense
Year ending December 31:		\mount
2025	\$	(49,062)
2026		(47,860)
2027		(47,861)
2028		(38,021)
2029		(25,280)
Thereafter		(50,555)

8. Other Information

A. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

8. Other Information (Continued)

C. Legal debt margin

The City's statutory debt limit is three percent of estimated market value of real and personal property located within the City (\$730,943,300) which is \$21,928,299. The City currently has \$811,000 of general obligation debt subject to this limit, leaving a debt margin of \$21,117,299 after adding back debt service restricted fund balances. Debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments or by operations of enterprise funds is excluded from this computation by statute.

D. Dodge County Ice Arena

On April 3, 1996, the Cities of Kasson, Dodge Center, Mantorville and the County of Dodge entered into a joint powers agreement to construct and operate an all-purpose arena. All members had an interest in the property as tenants-in-common. The City of Kasson had a 35 percent interest. Effective January 1, 2010 this agreement was terminated and a new agreement between Dodge County and the City of Kasson was signed which also designated the arena to be under the management of the City of Kasson.

The agreement further states that Dodge County and the City of Kasson will share in one-half of the net income or net loss from operations. The entity has a calendar year end. Arena activities are reported as a special revenue fund of the City.

E. Tax increment districts

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Tax Abatement – Pay-As-You-Go Tax Increment

The City may enter into tax abatement agreements as authorized by Minnesota Abatement Laws under State Statutes Sections 469.1812, 469.1813 and 469.1815. Any parcel of property in the City qualifies for tax abatement. The City negotiates tax abatement agreements on an individual basis generally with the purpose of adding employment and or increasing the tax capacity of the parcel.

The City has made no commitments, other than tax abatement, under the agreements. The taxpayer submits property taxes annually and is reimbursed by the City for the abatement amount if the taxpayer has filed reports substantiating that it has met the employment levels stipulated in the agreement if applicable. The City had the following tax abatement agreements as of December 31, 2024.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement in January 2017 for the purpose of remodeling an existing commercial facility. Under the agreement, the City shall abate 100% of the City's property tax amount generated by the Abatement Property for a period not to exceed 10 years commencing with taxes payable 2017 for as long as the taxpayer is operating its business on the Abatement Property. City abated \$4,613 and \$3,597 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement in April 2019 for the purpose of assisting with the construction of public improvements within a subdivision. Under the agreement, the City shall abate property taxes generated by the property for the period of up to 20 years to help pay for the infrastructure.

The City entered into a tax abatement agreement in March 2022 for the purpose of assisting with the construction of public improvements within a subdivision. Under the agreement, the City shall abate property taxes generated by the property for the period of up to 8 years to help pay for the infrastructure.

The City may enter into tax increment financing agreements as authorized by Minnesota Abatement Laws under State Statutes Sections 469.174 to 469.1794 through pay-as-you-go tax increment financing program. The City has three pay-as-you-go tax increment financing districts. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City paid tax increments totaling \$99,101 related to these agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. Wastewater Treatment Agreement

The City has entered into a wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal agreement with the City of Mantorville. The agreements effective date is July 9, 2014 and has a term of 40 years. Under the agreement, the wastewater utility of the City will treat all wastewater derived from the City of Mantorville.

The terms of the agreement require the City of Mantorville to pay a one-time connection fees of \$2,250 per hookup which totals \$819,000. Any costs for future capital improvements required for the treatment facility will be shared in the following percentages: Kasson 82.3% and Mantorville 17.7%. The City has recorded a contribution aid receivable of \$615,507 representing Mantorville's share of the net expansion costs. Mantorville is required to make annual payments toward this receivable corresponding with the required debt service of the net financing of the treatment facility expansion. There was a balance of \$424,510 in contribution aid receivable at December 31, 2024.

The City has elected to account for this contribution pursuant to GASB No. 62 which includes accounting for regulated entities. Under the standard, the contribution is deferred and recognized over the term of the associated financing of the treatment facility expansion.

Mantorville is required to maintain the infrastructure for the collection system from the City of Mantorville to the treatment facility. The costs of operating and maintaining the treatment facility will be shared between the two parties. On a quarterly basis, the City of Mantorville is required to pay to the City their share of the operating and maintenance costs based on the treatment volumes generated by each party as detailed in the agreement.

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2024

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA Schedules of City Pension Contributions

PERA General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

Contributions

			in F	Relation to					
	Statutorily			atutorily			Contributions as		
	F	Required	R	tequired	Contribution			a Percentage of	f
Year Ended	Со	ntribution	Co	ntribution	Deficiency		Covered	Covered Payroll	
December 31		(a)		(b)	(Excess) (a-b)	(Excess) (a-b) Payroll (c)		(b/c)	
2015	\$	140,991	\$	140,991	\$	\$	1,879,880	7.50%	%
2016		135,921		135,921			1,812,280	7.50%	%
2017		145,970		145,970			1,946,267	7.50%	%
2018		147,541		147,541			1,967,213	7.50%	%
2019		146,530		146,530			1,953,733	7.50%	%
2020		146,300		146,300			1,950,667	7.50%	%
2021		147,805		147,805			1,970,733	7.509	%
2022		156,028		156,028			2,080,373	7.509	%
2023		163,322		163,322			2,177,627	7.509	%
2024		155,077		155,077			2,067,693	7.50%	%

PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Statutorily Contributions as Required Required Contribution a Percentage of Year Ended Contribution Contribution Deficiency Covered Covered Payroll December 31 (Excess) (a-b) Payroll (c) (b/c) (a) (b) 2015 \$ 87,418 \$ 87,418 \$ \$ 16.20% 539,617 2016 92,805 92,805 572,870 16.20% 95,949 95,949 592,278 16.20% 2017 91,393 91,393 564,154 16.20% 2018 2019 104,042 104,042 613,817 16.95% 2020 125,768 125,768 710,554 17.70% 2021 111,754 111,754 631,379 17.70% 2022 122,181 122,181 690,288 17.70% 2023 138,136 138,136 780,429 17.70% 2024 133,136 133,136 752,181 17.70%

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA Schedules of City and Non-Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

PERA General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

				Employer's Proportionate Share of		Employer's Proportionate	P l an
	Employer's		State's	the Net Pension		Share of the Net	
	Proportionate	Employer's	Proportionate	Liability and the		Pension	Net Position
	Share	Proportionate	Share (Amount)	State's Proportionate		Liability (Asset)	as a
Fiscal	(Percentage)	Share (Amount)	of the Net	Share of the Net		as a	Percentage
Year	of Net Pension	of the Net	Pension Liability	Pension Liability		Percentage of	of the Total
Ended	Liability	Pension Liability	Associated with	Associated with the	Covered	its Covered	Pension
June 30	(Asset)	(Asset) (a)	the City (b)	City (a+b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll (a+b)/c	Liability
2015	0.0325%	\$ 1,684,319	\$	\$ 1,684,319	\$ 1,773,568	95%	78.20%
2016	0.0292%	2,370,895	30,984	2,401,879	1,846,080	130%	68.90%
2017	0.0302%	1,927,948	24,251	1,952,199	1,879,273	104%	75.90%
2018	0.0293%	1,625,444	53,210	1,678,654	1,956,740	86%	79.53%
2019	0.0276%	1,525,942	47,498	1,573,440	1,960,473	80%	80.23%
2020	0.0274%	1,642,755	50,576	1,693,331	1,952,200	87%	79.06%
2021	0.0274%	1,170,103	35,686	1,205,789	1,960,700	61%	87.00%
2022	0.0278%	2,201,769	64,515	2,266,284	2,025,553	112%	76.67%
2023	0.0274%	1,532,177	42,154	1,574,331	2,129,000	74%	83.10%
2024	0.0244%	903,184	23,354	926,538	2,122,660	44%	89.10%

PERA Public Employees Police and Fire Fund Pension Plan Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

				Emp l oyer's				
				Proportionate		Employer's		
	Employer's		State's	Share of the Net		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary	
	Proportionate	Employer's	Proportionate	Pension Liability		Share of the Net	Net Position	
	Share	Proportionate	Share (Amount)	and the State's		Pension Liability	as a	
Fiscal	(Percentage)	Share (Amount)	of the Net	Proportionate		(Asset) as a	Percentage of	
Year	of Net Pension	of the Net	Pension Liability	Share of the Net		Percentage of its	the Total	
Ended	Liability	Pension Liability	Associated with	Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension	
June 30	(Asset)	(Asset) (a)	the City (b)	Associated with	(b)	a/b	Liabi l ity	
2015	0.0610%	\$ 693,103	\$	\$ 693,103	\$ 525,992	132%	86.60%	
2016	0.0590%	2,367,773		2,367,773	556,244	426%	63.90%	
2017	0.0580%	783,069		783,069	582,574	134%	85.40%	
2018	0.0535%	570,255		570,255	578,216	99%	88.84%	
2019	0.0595%	633,438		633,438	588,986	108%	89.26%	
2020	0.0643%	847,543	19,962	867,505	662,185	128%	87.19%	
2021	0.0534%	412,191	18,531	430,722	670,966	61%	93.66%	
2022	0.0568%	2,471,712	108,012	2,579,724	660,833	374%	70.53%	
2023	0.0594%	1,025,761	41,323	1,067,084	735,359	139%	86.50%	
2024	0.0543%	714,631	27,241	741,872	766,305	93%	90.20%	

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	2024 2023		2023	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability													
Service cost	\$	\$	489	\$	17,329	\$	22,017	\$	21,324	\$	20,544	\$	21,490
Interest cost	2,876		6,214		6,844		6,335		10,294		8,411		7,915
Assumption changes	2,106		(7,383)		10,539				4,221		(8,444)		
Plan changes					169,791								
Differences between expected													
and actual experience	1,222		(223,877)		(99,720)				(82,942)				
Benefit payments	 (8,702)		(18,801)		(7,750)		(4,498)		(7,514)		(3,055)		(23,658)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,498)		(243,358)		97,033		23,854		(54,617)		17,456		5,747
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year	76,204		319,562		222,529		198,675		253,292		235,836		230,089
Total OPEB Liability - end of year	\$ 73,706	\$	76,204	\$	319,562	\$	222,529	\$	198,675	\$	253,292	\$	235,836
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	\$	2,720,269	\$	2,641,038	\$	2,597,937	\$	2,516,162	\$	2,319,236	\$ 2	2,251,685
Total OPEB Liability as a % of payroll	0%		3%		12%		9%		8%		11%		10%

Note: There are no assets in a trust to pay related benefits.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR FUNDS STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

DECEMBER 31, 2024

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2024

		Total Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects					
	Total Special Revenue Funds		210 Stabilization/ Cap Projects Reserve	223 Sand Company TIF	247 2004 Assisted Living TIF	248 Downtown TIF	249 Oppidan Folkestad TIF	251 Raegan Addition TIF
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Notes receivable Due from other governmental units Special assessments receivable Inventories Prepaid items Due from other funds	\$ 770,942 30,438 62,370 51,932 71,617 343 12,197 82,577	\$ 1,926,161 3,233 15,104 843,681	\$ 2,093,477 1,173	\$	\$ 137,418	\$	\$ 253,243	\$
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,082,416	\$ 2,788,179	\$ 2,094,650	\$	\$ 137,418	\$	\$ 253,243	\$
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 15,781 331 20,577	\$	\$	\$	\$ 38,317 99,101	\$	\$	\$
Accrued salaries payable Due to other funds Advance from other fund	216,248			7,454		82,577		5,754
Total Liabilities	252,937			7,454	137,418	82,577		5,754
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue: Special assessments	71,617	843,681						
Fund Balance								
Nonspendable: Prepaid items and inventories Loans	12,540 62,370							
Restricted: Regulations Debt service Committed:	325,921	1,944,498					253,243	
Economic development Library operations Assigned:	163,415 343,870							
Capital improvements			2,094,650	, ·-				
Unassigned Total Fund Balance	(150,254) 757,862	1,944,498	2,094,650	(7,454) (7,454)		(82,577) (82,577)	253,243	(5,754) (5,754)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOV OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	vs \$ 1,082,416	\$ 2,788,179	\$ 2,094,650	\$	\$ 137,418	\$	\$ 253,243	\$

					Capita	al Pro	ojects				
401 Permanent Improvement Revolving	<u>Hi</u>	424 ghway 57	16	426 th Street NW	427 2023 eet Repair Project	G —	428 as ROW Fees	429 Parks Project	 431 2025 Street Project	432 2025 SW construction Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 1,262,573 12,156 441,752	\$	124,459	\$		\$ 141,772	\$		\$ 228,145	\$	\$	\$ 6,796,418 30,438 16,562 62,370 67,036 1,498,822 343 12,197
\$ 1,716,481	\$	124,459	\$		\$ 141,772	\$		\$ 228,145	\$	\$	\$ 8,566,763
\$	\$	124,459	\$	13,725 24,705	\$ 383,068	\$		\$	\$ 3,920 42,140	\$ 52,500 297,500	\$ 124,243 223,891 20,577 676,378 383,068
		124,459		38,430	 383,068			 	 46,060	350,000	1,428,157
441,752					 141,772			 	 		1,498,822
											12,540 62,370 579,164 1,944,498 163,415
1,274,729				(38,430)	(383,068)			228,145	(46,060)	(350,000)	343,870 3,597,524 (1,063,597)
1,274,729				(38,430)	 (383,068)			 228,145	 (46,060)	 (350,000)	5,639,784
\$ 1,716,481	\$	124,459	\$		\$ 141,772	\$		\$ 228,145	\$	\$	\$ 8,566,763

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

			Capital Projects									
	Total Special Revenue Funds	Tota l Debt Service Funds	210 Stabilization/ Cap Projects Reserve	223 Sand Company T I F	247 2004 Assisted Living T I F	248 Downtown T I F	249 Oppidan Fo l kestad T I F	251 Raegan Addition T I F				
REVENUES												
Property taxes Tax increments Special assessments Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits	\$ 579,573 198,926 285,491 2,203	\$ 1,180,872 174,880	\$	\$	\$ 93,062	\$	\$ 65,916	\$				
Investment income Miscellaneous	20,616 31,701	54,870	52,898		6,039		7,328					
TOTAL REVENUES	1,118,510	1,410,622	52,898		99,101		73,244					
EXPENDITURES Current:												
Culture and recreation TIF/economic development Capital outlay: Culture and recreation	771,145 284,168 5.814			7,454	99,101	899	1,666	5,754				
Economic development Public works	40,555	4 002 000										
Debt service TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,101,682	1,092,600 1,092,600		7,454	99,101	899	1,666	5,754				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	16,828	318,022	52,898	(7,454)		(899)	71,578	(5,754)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets	50,000	(420,004)					(25.040)					
Transfers out Transfers in	300,000	(126,861) 152,864	300,000				(35,848)					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	350,000	26,003	300,000				(35,848)					
Net change in fund balances	366,828	344,025	352,898	(7,454)		(899)	35,730	(5,754)				
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	391,034	1,600,473	1,741,752			(81,678)	217,513					
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 757,862	\$ 1,944,498	\$ 2,094,650	\$ (7,454)	\$	\$ (82,577)	\$ 253,243	\$ (5,754)				

			Capita	l Projects				
401 Permanent Improvement Revolving	424 Highway 57	426 16th Street NW	427 2023 Street Repair Project	428 Gas ROW Fees	429 Parks Project	431 2025 Street Project	432 2025 SW Reconstruction Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 84,416	\$	\$	\$ 40,950 30,769	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,801,395 158,978 290,065 198,926 285,491 2,203
57,579					6,602			199,893 37,740
141,995			71,719		6,602			2,974,691
								771,145 399,042
	124,489	40,029	3,043			46,060	350,000	5,814 40,555 563,621
	124,489	40,029	3,043			46,060	350,000	1,092,600 2,872,777
141,995	(124,489)	(40,029)	68,676		6,602	(46,060)	(350,000)	101,914
	(117,016)	384,065		(196,580)				50,000 (476,305) 1,136,929
	(117,016)	384,065		(196,580)				710,624
141,995	(241,505)	344,036	68,676	(196,580)	6,602	(46,060)	(350,000)	812,538
1,132,734	241,505	(382,466)	(451,744)	196,580	221,543			4,827,246
\$ 1,274,729	\$	\$ (38,430)	\$ (383,068)	\$	\$ 228,145	\$ (46,060)	\$ (350,000)	\$ 5,639,784

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

December 31, 2024

	Special Revenue							
		211		219 Bigelow	220		225	
		Library	Α	Voigt batement	Hamilton Abatement		EDA FED MIF	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	359,476 97	\$		\$	55,000	\$ 172,032	
Notes receivable Due from other governmental units Special assessments receivable Inventories		1,371		255			62,370	
Prepaid items Due from other funds		7,911						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	368,855		255	\$	55,000	\$ 234,402	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities	•	4.007	•		•		•	
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	4,967 12	\$		\$		\$	
Accrued salaries payable Due to other funds		12,095		120,086				
Total Liabilities		17,074		120,086				
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue: Special assessments								
Fund Balance								
Nonspendable: Prepaid items and inventories		7,911						
Loans		.,					62,370	
Restricted: Regulations Committed:						55,000	172,032	
Economic development Library operations		343,870		(440.004)				
Unassigned Total Fund Balance		351,781		(119,831) (119,831)		55,000	234,402	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	_				_			
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	368,855	\$	255	\$	55,000	\$ 234,402	

226	246 & 250	260 Small Cities		290	606 Dodge	Total Special
EDA RLF	Vail Property	Grant Program		conomic velopment	County Ice Arena	Revenue Funds
				<u></u>		
\$ 98,889	\$	\$	\$	85,545 36	\$ 30,305	\$ 770,942 30,438 62,370
21,617	50,000 50,000			306		51,932 71,617
				532	343 3,754	343 12,197
			_	82,577		82,577
\$120,506	\$ 100,000	\$		168,996	\$ 34,402	\$ 1,082,416
\$	\$ 66	\$	\$	3,230	\$ 7,518	\$ 15,781
				1,819	319 6,663	331 20,577
	77,591				18,571	216,248
	77,657			5,049	33,071	252,937
21,617	50,000					71,617
				532	4,097	12,540
					., :	62,370
98,889						325,921
				163,415		163,415
	(27,657)				(2,766)	343,870 (150,254)
98,889	(27,657)			163,947	1,331	757,862
\$120,506	\$ 100,000	\$	\$	168,996	\$ 34,402	\$ 1,082,416

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Special	Revenue	
	211	219 Bigelow	220	225
	Voigt Library Abateme		Hamilton Abatement	EDA FED M I F
REVENUES				
Property taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment income	\$ 412,504 65,851 1,562 2,203 10,110	\$ 20,076	\$ 55,000	5,138
Miscellaneous	8,794			
TOTAL REVENUES	501,024	20,076	55,000	5,138
EXPENDITURES Current:	440.000			
Culture and recreation Economic development Capital outlay:	446,000			10,000
Culture and recreation Economic development	5,814			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	451,814			10,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	49,210	20,076	55,000	(4,862)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Sale of assets Transfers in				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Net change in fund balances	49,210	20,076	55,000	(4,862)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	302,571	(139,907)		239,264
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 351,781	\$ (119,831)	\$ 55,000	\$ 234,402

Special Revenue 606 Total 226 246 & 260 290 **Small Cities** 250 Dodge Special **EDA** Vail Grant **Economic** Revenue County **RLF Property** Program Development Ice Arena **Funds** \$ \$ \$ \$ 91,993 \$ 579,573 131,116 1,959 198,926 283,929 285,491 2,203 2,502 2,866 20,616 22,533 374 31,701 131,116 1,118,510 2,866 117,028 286,262 771,145 325,145 60,977 2,468 131,116 79,607 284,168 5,814 27,462 13,093 40,555 92,700 29,930 60,977 131,116 325,145 1,101,682 (29,930)(38,883)(58,111)24,328 16,828 50,000 50,000 300,000 300,000 350,000 350,000 (58,111)320,070 24,328 (38,883)366,828 157,000 (347,727)139,619 40,214 391,034 98,889 (27,657)\$ 163,947 \$ 1,331 \$ 757,862

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2024

	Debt Service							
	385 G.O.		386	389		391 G.O. Tax		
		tefunding Note of	Fire Truck and Oppidan		Increment Refunding			
	2020B		Equipment	Oppidan Assessment		Bonds of 2020A		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	461,306 6	\$	\$	59,022	\$		
Due from other governmental units Special assessments receivable		832			172,965			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	462,144	\$	\$	231,987	\$		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE								
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue:								
Special assessments	_\$		\$	_\$_	172,965	\$		
Fund Balance Restricted:								
Debt service		462,144			59,022			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	462,144	\$	\$	231,987	\$		

·	393		394	395		
2017 Street Assessment Project		2022A Hwy 57		 2023A Fire Hall		Total ebt Service Funds
\$	625,776 3,227 11,930 263,972	\$	572,578 647 406,744	\$ 207,479 1,695	\$	1,926,161 3,233 15,104 843,681
\$	904,905	\$	979,969	\$ 209,174	\$	2,788,179
\$	263,972	\$	406,744	\$	\$	843,681_
	640,933		573,225	 209,174		1,944,498
\$	904,905	\$	979,969	\$ 209,174	\$	2,788,179

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

385 386 389 391 G.O.	ent ng
Refunding Fire Increme Note of Truck and Oppidan Refundi 2020BEquipmentAssessmentBonds of 2	ent ng
Note of Truck and Oppidan Refundi 2020B Equipment Assessment Bonds of 2	ng
2020BEquipmentAssessment Bonds of 2	
	<u></u>
REVENUES	
Property taxes \$ 229,545 \$ 127,256 \$ \$	
Special assessments 38,973	
Investment income 14,890 1,708	
TOTAL REVENUES 244,435 127,256 40,681	
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Debt service:	
	5,000
·	0,848
	-,
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 209,890 115,339 37,146 3	5,848
Excess (deficiency) of	
revenues over (under)	
· · · ·	5,848)
<u> </u>	<u>0,040)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers out (126,861)	
, , ,	5,848
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	
SOURCES (USES) (126,861) 3	5,848
Net change in fund balances 34,545 (114,944) 3,535	
FUND DALANCES havinging 427 500 444 044 55 497	
FUND BALANCES, beginning 427,599 114,944 55,487	
FUND BALANCES, ending \$ 462,144 \$ 59,022 \$	

		De	bt Service				
	393		394		395		
20	17 Street						Total
Ass	sessment		2022A		2023A	D	ebt Service
	Project		Hwy 57	F	Fire Hall		Funds
	_						_
\$	201,893 62,293	\$	173,173 73,614	\$	449,005	\$	1,180,872 174,880
	15,699		16,569		6,004		54,870
	279,885		263,356		455,009		1,410,622
	2.0,000		200,000		100,000		.,,
	238,650		77,309				668,959
	61,614		43,026		273,778		423,641
	<u> </u>		.0,020				
	300,264		120,335		273,778		1,092,600
	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · ·
	(20,379)		143,021		181,231		318,022
			4.47.040				(126,861)
			117,016				152,864
			447.040				00.000
			117,016				26,003
	(20,379)		260,037		181,231		344,025
	661,312		313,188		27,943		1,600,473
\$	640,933	\$	573,225	\$	209,174	\$	1,944,498

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA LIBRARY FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

			Variance with			
	Pudgotos	l Amounts	2024 Actual	Final Budget - Positive	2023 Actual	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
REVENUES		1 11101	7411041110	(Noganivo)	7 111001110	
Property taxes	\$ 410,491	\$ 410,491	\$ 412,504	\$ 2,013	\$ 410,704	
Intergovernmental	60,079	60,079	65,851	5,772	58,882	
Charges for services	800	800	1,562	762	1,796	
Library fines	4,000	4,000	2,203	(1,797)	2,199	
Investment income	150	150	10,110	9,960	6,990	
Miscellaneous	1,450	1,450	8,794	7,344	204,779	
TOTAL REVENUES	476,970	476,970	501,024	24,054	685,350	
EXPENDITURES						
Library:						
Salaries	280,000	280,000	238,974	41,026	251,904	
Employee benefits and retirement	42,420	42,420	51,007	(8,587)	36,672	
Workers compensation	2,950	2,950	1,494	1,456	2,269	
Health insurance	85,000	85,000	74,627	10,373	75,259	
Operating supplies/small tools	21,400	21,400	22,390	(990)	32,392	
Insurance	4,550	4,550	5,060	(510)	4,907	
Telephone	3,000	3,000	2,276	724	2,264	
Professional fees	10,800	10,800	12,547	(1,747)	17,441	
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	5,814	(814)	10,133	
Other	30,750	30,750	37,625_	(6,875)	27,102	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	485,870	485,870	451,814	34,056	460,343	
Net change in fund balances	(8,900)	(8,900)	49,210	58,110	225,007	
FUND BALANCES, beginning	302,571	302,571	302,571		77,564	
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 293,671	\$ 293,671	\$ 351,781	\$ 58,110	\$ 302,571	

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Variance with	
			2024	Final Budget -	2023
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 91,511	\$ 91,511	\$ 91,993	\$ 482	\$ 89,884
Investment income	500	500	2,502	2,002	1,192
Miscellaneous			22,533	22,533	
TOTAL REVENUES	92,011	92,011	117,028	25,017	91,076
EXPENDITURES					
Economic development:					
Personnel services	64,311	64,311	48,773	15,538	42,542
Supplies	500	500	397	103	375
Other services and charges	25,700	25,700	30,437	(4,737)	17,537
Capital outlay	1,500	1,500	13,093	(11,593)	11,895
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	92,011	92,011	92,700	(689)	72,349
Net change in fund balances			24,328	24,328	18,727
FUND BALANCES, beginning	139,619	139,619	139,619		120,892
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 139,619	\$ 139,619	\$ 163,947	\$ 24,328	\$ 139,619

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA DODGE COUNTY ICE ARENA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

						ance with		
			202	24	Final	Budget -		2023
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Act	ual	P	ositive		Actual
	Original	Final	Amo	unts	(Negative)		A	mounts
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	\$	\$	1,959	\$	1,959	\$	
Charges for services	288,000	288,000	28	33,929		(4,071)		285,416
Miscellaneous	4,800	4,800		374		(4,426)		3,676
TOTAL REVENUES	292,800	292,800	28	36,262		(6,538)		289,092
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation:								
Personnel services	223,874	223,874	17	76,337		47,537		169,778
Supplies	9,600	9,600		7,828		1,772		6,638
Other services and charges	105,900	105,900	14	40,980		(35,080)		101,767
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	339,374	339,374	32	25,145		14,229		278,183
Net change in fund balances	(46,574)	(46,574)	(3	38,883)		7,691		10,909
FUND BALANCES, beginning	40,214	40,214		40,214				29,305
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ (6,360)	\$ (6,360)	\$	1,331	\$	7,691	\$	40,214

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

						2024		iance with I Budget -		2023
		Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Positive			Actual
		Original		Final	Amounts (Nega			legative)		<u>Amounts</u>
REVENUES		0.470.440	_	0.470.440		0.440.040	•	(50.400)	_	0.004.707
Property Taxes	_\$_	2,472,149	_\$_	2,472,149	_\$_	2,419,019		(53,130)	_\$_	2,601,727
Franchise Fees		190,002		190,002		158,145		(31,857)		169,241
Special Assessments						33,469		33,469		
Licenses and Permits										
Business		13,500		13,500		22,864		9,364		18,173
Nonbusiness		71,000		71,000		74,081		3,081		99,642
Total Licenses and Permits		84,500		84,500		96,945	_	12,445		117,815
Intergovernmental										
Local government aid		1,259,567		1,259,567		1,369,567		110,000		1,252,644
Fire relief aid		43,000		43,000		69,439		26,439		71,838
Police aid		70,000		70,000		110,818		40,818		95,282
Highway aid		75,800		75,800		95,234		19,434		84,804
ARPA funds										33,333
Other aid		16,000		16,000		20,345		4,345		316,187
Other school aid		79,600		79,600		130,237		50,637		83,238
Total Intergovernmental	-	1,543,967		1,543,967		1,795,640		251,673		1,937,326
Charges for Services										
General government		58,100		58,100		129,351		71,251		93,197
Public safety		57,775		57,775		47,262		(10,513)		84,028
Culture and recreation		261,100		261,100		246,386		(14,714)		275,680
Total Charges for Service		376,975		376,975	_	422,999		46,024		452,905
Fines and Forfeits		18,000		18,000		15,039		(2,961)		13,845
Investment Income		24,100		24,100		136,512		112,412		44,218
Miscellaneous										
Rents and leases		11,000		11,000		14,101		3,101		15.581
Contributions and donations		.,,,,,		.,,,,,,,,		29,650		29,650		17,503
Other		16,300		16,300		96,027		79,727		39,494
Total Miscellaneous		27,300		27,300		139,778		112,478		72,578
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	4,736,993	\$	4,736,993	_\$_	5,217,546	\$	480,553	\$	5,409,655

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Dudantad	۸			Variance with 2024 Final Budget - Actual Positive		l Budget -	2023 Actual	
		Budgeted Original	Amc	Final	Amounts		-	egative)	1	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES	_	zrigiriai		<u> </u>		inounto		eganve)		arroarro
General Government Mayor and Council										
Personnel services	\$	54,514	\$	54,514	\$	46,416	\$	8,098	\$	51,271
Legal fees		10,000		10,000		12,883		(2,883)		8,744
Other services and charges		31,000		31,000		37,682		(6,682)		19,872
Total Mayor and Council		95,514		95,514		96,981		(1,467)		79,887
Ordinances and Proceedings										
Other services and charges		3,000		3,000		1,232		1,768		1,850
City Administration										
Personnel services		210,887		210,887		181,956		28,931		184,671
Supplies		8,650		8,650		3,696		4,954		4,350
Other services and charges		33,400		33,400		44,948		(11,548)		39,087
Total City Administration		252,937		252,937		230,600		22,337		228,108
Elections and Voter Registration										
Personnel services		19,972		19,972		20,476		(504)		5,501
Other services and charges		700		700		2,475		(1,775)		
Total Elections and Voter Registration		20,672		20,672		22,951		(2,279)		5,501
Assessor										
Other services and charges		35,250		35,250		34,968		282		34,397
Accounting										
Other services and charges		8,500		8,500		10,287		(1,787)		11,244
Legal										
Other services and charges		25,000		25,000		35,585		(10,585)		31,414
Planning and Zoning										
Personnel services		55,499		55,499		32,045		23,454		34,894
Supplies		500		500		302		198		466
Other services and charges		36,050		36,050		33,273		2,777		36,469
Total Planning and Zoning	\$	92,049	\$	92,049	\$	65,620	\$	26,429	\$	71,829

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts	2024 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - 2023 Favorable Actual		
	Original	Final	Amounts (Unfavorable)		Amounts	
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED						
Data Processing						
Other services and charges	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 27,922	\$ (7,922)	\$ 25,780	
General Government Buildings						
Personnel services	4,281	4,281	4,048	233	3,600	
Supplies	800	800	618	182	111	
Other services and charges	12,250	12,250	11,867	383	9,438	
Total General Governmental						
Buildings	17,331	17,331	16,533	798	13,149	
Total General Government	570,253	570,253	542,679	27,574	503,159	
Public Safety Police						
Personnel services	1,379,148	1,379,148	1,129,586	249,562	1,179,519	
Supplies	62,500	62,500	42,441	20,059	53,360	
Other services and charges	138,470	138,470	108,866	29,604	118,715	
Total Police	1,580,118	1,580,118	1,280,893	299,225	1,351,594	
Fire						
Personnel services	96,800	96,800	82,068	14,732	85,704	
Supplies	20,000	20,000	21,432	(1,432)	18,861	
Other services and charges	130,721	130,721	202,471	(71,750)	178,116	
Total Fire	247,521	247,521	305,971	(58,450)	282,681	
Building inspection						
Other services and charges	53,500	53,500	32,716	20,784	46,212	
Animal Control						
Other services and charges	175	175		175_		
Total Public Safety	\$ 1,881,314	\$ 1,881,314	\$ 1,619,580	\$ 261,734	\$ 1,680,487	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted		2024 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2023 Actua l
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED					
Public Works					
Street and Alleys					
Personnel services	\$ 232,637	\$ 232,637	\$ 228,777	\$ 3,860	\$ 235,450
Supplies	49,000	49,000	11,239	37,761	13,984
Other services and charges	222,725	222,725	110,233	112,492	125,568
Total Streets and Alleys	504,362_	504,362	350,249	154,113	375,002
Engineer					
Other services and charges	23,000	23,000	31,205	(8,205)	23,559
Snow and Ice Removal					
Personnel services	20,545	20,545	1,926	18,619	6,779
Supplies	32,550	32,550	17,360	15,190	26,614
Other services and charges	11,910	11,910	790	11,120	7,248
Total Snow and Ice Removal	65,005	65,005	20,076	44,929	40,641
Street Lighting					
Other services and charges	60,000	60,000	52,996	7,004	56,132
Sidewalks					
Other services and charges	50,000	50,000	15,940	34,060	16,219
Sanitation					
Other services and charges	12,000	12,000	15,926	(3,926)	14,105
Total Public Works	\$ 714,367	\$ 714,367	\$ 486,392	\$ 227,975	\$ 525,658
TOTAL TOTAL	Ψ , , ,,,,,,,,	+ 1 1 1,001	- 100,002		Ψ 020,000

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts Final	2024 Actual	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED	Original	I IIIaI	Amounts	(ivegative)	Amounts
Emergency Services/Health Supplies Other services and charges	\$ 1,500 12,750	\$ 1,500 12,750	\$ 4,091	\$ 1,500 8,659	\$
Total Emergency Services/Health	14,250	14,250	4,091	10,159	8,066
Culture and Recreation Parks and Recreation Supplies Other services and charges	500 8,680	500 8,680	314 376	186 	314 4,466
Total Parks and Recreation	9,180	9,180	2,690	6,490	4,780
Playgrounds Supplies	6,000	6,000	5,289	711	4,284
Swimming Pool Personnel services Supplies Other services and charges Total Swimming Pool	199,898 39,450 115,150 354,498	199,898 39,450 115,150 354,498	175,813 26,670 81,355 283,838	24,085 12,780 33,795 70,660	185,426 33,895 100,701 320,022
Municipal Parks Personnel services Supplies Other services and charges	293,930 14,000 62,250	293,930 14,000 62,250	317,051 7,258 65,179	(23,121) 6,742 (2,929)	268,702 13,706 46,688
Total Municipal Parks	370,180	370,180	389,488	(19,308)	329,096
Historic Water Tower Other services and charges	2,000	2,000	3,044	(1,044)	1,407
Dodge County Arena Other services and charges	23,580	23,580	1,055	22,525	805
Other Recreational Facilities Personnel services Supplies Other services and charges	3,232 8,000 54,150	3,232 8,000 54,150	3,600 38,118	3,232 4,400 16,032	2,245 37,886
Total Recreational Facilities	65,382	65,382	41,718	23,664	40,131
Forestry and Nursery Supplies Other services and charges	2,000 12,975	2,000 12,975	46 7,745	1,954 5,230	1,425 14,505
Total Forestry and Nursery	14,975	14,975	7,791	7,184	15,930
Total Culture and Recreation	\$ 845,795	\$ 845,795	\$ 734,913	\$ 110,882	\$ 716,455

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Original Final Amounts (Negative) Amounts EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED Cemetery Personnel services \$ 13,617 \$ 13,617 \$ 13,868 \$ (251) \$ 12,922 Supplies 1,100 1,100 132 968 174 Other services and charges 29,100 29,100 20,752 8,348 14,506 Total Cemetery 43,817 43,817 34,752 9,065 27,602 Unallocated Other services and charges 209,140 209,140 41,341 167,799 40,288	
Personnel services \$ 13,617 \$ 13,8617 \$ 13,868 \$ (251) \$ 12,922 Supplies 1,100 1,100 132 968 174 Other services and charges 29,100 29,100 20,752 8,348 14,506 Total Cemetery 43,817 43,817 34,752 9,065 27,602 Unallocated	EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED
Personnel services \$ 13,617 \$ 13,8617 \$ 13,868 \$ (251) \$ 12,922 Supplies 1,100 1,100 132 968 174 Other services and charges 29,100 29,100 20,752 8,348 14,506 Total Cemetery 43,817 43,817 34,752 9,065 27,602 Unallocated	Cemetery
Other services and charges 29,100 29,100 20,752 8,348 14,506 Total Cemetery 43,817 43,817 34,752 9,065 27,602 Unallocated	Personnel services
Total Cemetery 43,817 43,817 34,752 9,065 27,602 Unallocated	• •
Unallocated	Other services and charges
	Total Cemetery
Other services and charges209,140209,14041,341167,79940,288	Unallocated
	Other services and charges
Total Current Expenditures 4,278,936 4,278,936 3,463,748 815,188 3,501,715	Total Current Expenditures
Capital Outlay	Capital Outlay
General government 82,617 82,617 1,824 80,793	General government
Public safety 48,533 48,533 196,288 (147,755) 481,684	•
Public works 100,000 100,000 373,977 (273,977) 232,533 Culture and recreation 18,500 18,500 163,910 (145,410) 125,942	
Total Capital Outlay <u>249,650</u> <u>249,650</u> <u>735,999</u> <u>(486,349)</u> <u>840,159</u>	•
Debt Service/Capital Leases	-
Principal 82,192 82,192 99,757 (17,565) 69,198 Interest and fiscal charges 17,554 17,554 16,519 1,035 17,200	•
Total Debt Service/Capital Leases 99,746 99,746 116,276 (16,530) 86,398	-
10tal Debt del vice d'apital Leases	Total Best del vice dapital Leases
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,628,332 4,628,332 4,316,023 312,309 4,428,272	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
Excess of revenues over	Excess of revenues over
expenditures 108,661 108,661 901,523 792,862 981,383	expenditures
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
Sale of assets 10,000 10,000 42,667 32,667 89,000	·
Issuance of lease payable 169,053 169,053 33,599	, ,
Transfers in 92,000 92,000 202,861 110,861 76,000	
Transfers out (1,016,296) (1,016,296) (765,093)	ransfers out
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 102,000 102,000 (601,715) (703,715) (566,494)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 210,661 210,661 299,808 89,147 414,889	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
FUND BALANCES, beginning 3,598,321 3,598,321 3,598,321 3,183,432	FUND BALANCES, beginning
FUND BALANCES, ending \$ 3,808,982 \$ 3,808,982 \$ 3,898,129 \$ 89,147 \$ 3,598,321	FUND BALANCES, ending



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

City of Kasson, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kasson, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Kasson, Minnesota's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 20, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Kasson, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Kasson, Minnesota's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of prior year findings and responses as item 2014-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Kasson, Minnesota

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Kasson, Minnesota's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Kasson, Minnesota failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

City of Kasson, Minnesota's Response to Finding

Smith, Schaffe and associates, Lol.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Kasson, Minnesota's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of prior year findings and responses. The City of Kasson, Minnesota's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rochester, Minnesota

May 20, 2025

CITY OF KASSON, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

FINDING – 2014-001 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPALS (GAAP) AND SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Condition: A City of this size has an inherent limitation in its ability to effectively

segregate its accounting duties and to prepare annual full disclosure financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It would not be practical for the City to devote the resources required to overcome this limitation. The potential exists that a material disclosure could be omitted from the financial statements and not be

prevented or detected by the City's internal controls.

Criteria: The City should have controls in place to prevent or detect the omission of

a material disclosure in the annual financial statements. An important element of internal controls is an adequate segregation of duties that minimizes the opportunities for any one individual to be in a position to both perpetuate and conceal errors or irregularities in the normal course of

business.

Context: Because of the limited size of the City's administrative staff, there is not an

adequate segregation of duties. The City has informed us they will continue to rely upon the audit firm to prepare the financial statements and related footnote disclosures and will review and approve these prior to the

issuance of the financial statements.

Effect: No effect on the financial statements.

Cause: There is a limited number of administrative staff. The City does not have

the expertise to draft the notes to the financial statements; however, they have reviewed and approved the annual financial statements as prepared

by the audit firm.

Recommendation: We recommend the City continue to segregate duties as best it can within

the limits of what the City considers to be cost beneficial and to evaluate their internal staff and expertise to determine if further controls over the

annual financial reporting are beneficial.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned

Corrective Action: Management agrees with the recommendation. See corresponding

Corrective Action Plan.

CURRENT STATUS:

The finding recurred in 2024.





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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

The City respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The finding from the schedule of prior year findings and responses is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

RESPONSE: FINDING 2014-001

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The management and accounting personnel review the drafted financial statements and notes. The City does not have the expertise to ensure all disclosures required by GAAP are included in the financial statements. Accordingly, the City will rely upon the auditors for completeness of the disclosures. However, the management and accounting personnel will review the notes for accuracy prior to issuance of the statements. The City will continue to evaluate assignment of duties and implement segregation whenever it is practical.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Sarah Schmidt, City Accountant, is the official responsible for ensuring the planned responses.

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

Not applicable as the City is willing to accept this risk at this time and will continue to evaluate the recommendation.

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

Tim Ibisch, City Administrator, will ensure the review by the City Accountant has been completed. He will do this through discussion with the City Accountant and reviewing the draft of the financial statements.

